BENJAMIN F. BEALL,

BALTIMORE CARDS.

WM. KNABE & CO. MANUFACTURERS OF

FIRST PREMIUM GOLD MEDAL GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

PIANO.

THESE Instruments having been before the public for the past thirty years, have upon their excellence alone, attained an UNPURCHASED PRE-EMI-TONE

combines great power, richness, sweetness, and singing quality, as well as great purity of intona-tion and harmoniousness throughout the entire TOUCH :

is pliant and elastic, and is entirely free from the stiffness found in so many pianos, which causes the performer to so easily tire. In WORKMANSHIP hey cannot be excelled. Their action is constructed with a care and attention to every part therein that characterizes the finest mechanism. None but the best seasoned material is used in their manufacture, and they will accept the hard usage of the concert-room with that of the parlor, upon an equality—unaffected in their melody; in fact they are constructed

Radicals in that vicinity. The editor avowed his "NOT FOR A YEAR-BUT FOREVER." purpose to show up the acts and doings of leading parties, under whose persecution the people of that All our Square Pianos have our new Improved Grand Scale and Agraffe Treble.

DJ- All PIANOS guaranteed for FIVE YEARS:

No. 350 West Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE, Md. section have been suffering, and to let the world know what a prodigious amount of private villainy was covered and hidden under the cloak of "loy-

January 16, 1867—1v.

\$\mathbb{C}\$ For particulars apply to L. DINKLE, Agent, Charlestown.

Plano-Fortes. CHARLES M. STIEFF.

MANUFACTURER of First Premium GRAND and SQUARE PIANOS. Factories 84 and 86 Camden street, and 45 and 47 Perry street, near Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. WARE-ROOMS, No-7, North Liberty street, above Baltimore, BAL

No.7, North Liberty street, above Battimore, BAL
TIMORE, Md.
Has always on hand the largest stock of PIANOS
in the city. My new Grand Scale Over-sirung Agraffe Treble Pianos are pronounced by the amatencs and professors to be the best Piano manufactured. We warrant them free of every fault for
five years, and the privilege of exchange within
twelve months, it not entirely satisfactory to the SECOND-HAND PIANOS.

always on hand—\$50 to \$300. MELODEONS and PARLOR ORGANS from the best makers. We have permission to refer to the following persons who have our Pianos in use—DS Rentch, Wm Rush, WG Butler, Richard C Williams, Dennis Daniels, Benjamin F Harrison, in Jefferson county, and James L Cunningham, S C Conningham, Ja-cob Seibert, Benjamin Speck, Andrew Bowman, George Hoke, Jacob Miller, Charles R Coe, James Denny, Lemuel Campbell, Rev Mr Hair, in Berkeley county.

For further particulars, apply to B F HA.

RISON, Agent, Shepherdstown.

Terms liberal. A call is solicited.

October 2, 1866—19.

NOAH WALKER & CO..

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CLOTHIERS,

Washington Building,

165 AND 167 BALTIMORE STREET,

BALTIMORE.

Are now effering their Entire Stock at the Lowest Prices since 1860.

Special attention paid to orders for Suits or Single Garments.

Jan. 15, 1867—ly.

D. BANKS

CHEAP CASH FURNITURE AND

CHAIR MANUFACTURER, WAREHOUSE NO. 59 SOUTH STREET,

[NEAR PRATT STREET, FACTORY NO. 380 E. BALTIMORE ST. 13- Keeps always on hand, of his own manufac-ture, Furniture and Chairs of all kinds, wholesale and retail. Mattresses, Looking Glasses, &c. January 22, 1867-1y.

BENJAMIN WASKEY, MANUFACTURER OF Cabinet Furniture 83-Offers at reduce I prices, at his extensive WAREROOMS, NO. 3, N. GAY STREET,

AND EXTENDING TO NO. 6, NORTH FREDERICK STREET, FURNITURE of his own manufacture, consisting of PARLOR SUITS, LIBRARY SUITS, BED ROOM SUITS, DINING ROOM SUITS, with a general assortment of Furniture.

B. WASKEY,
BALTIMORE, January 22, 1867—1y.

B. HOUGH. J. G. RIDE YOUR. N. R. LANGDON, HOUGH, RIDENOUR & LANGDON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF GRAIN, FLOUR, SEEDS, PORK, BACON LARD, COTTON, TOBACCO, RICE LEATHER, WOOL, FEATHERS, ROSIN, TAR, TURPENTINE, GINSENG, BUTTER, EGGS,

NO. 124 SOUTH EUTAW STREET. [OPPOSITE BALT. O. H. I. DEPOT.] BALTIMORE.

95-ORDERS for all kinds of Merchandise, Salt, Fish, Plaster, Guano, and the various Fertilizers and Farming Implements, promptly filled. REFERENCES:

HOPKINS, HARNDEN & KEMP, Baltimore, CANBY, GILPIN & Co., LOOKS, FARNESIOCE & Co., PENNIMAN & BRO.,

BANIEL MILLER, Pres. Nat. Exc. Bank, Bal'more
C. W. BUTTON, Esq.. Lynchburg, Va.

M. GREENWOOD & SON, New Orleans. STOW & BERKLEY, Lowell, Ohio.
DAVIS, ROPER & Co., Petersburg, Va.
R. H. MILLER, Alexandria, Va. [January 22, 1867.

BERKELEY W. MOORE,

Charles A. O'Hara & Co., FARMERS' & PLANTERS' AGENT,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

TGBACCO; GRAIN AND OTHER COUNTRY 105 South Charles Street; BALTIMORE.

All Orders Promptly filled at Wholesale Pribec. 4. 1866—if.

FRANK L. MORLING, FLORIST, SEEDSMAN & NURSERYMAN

Store No. 2, N. Eutaw St., BALTIMORE, Nurseries on the Hookstown Road, Adjoining Druid Hill Park,

W OULD invite the attention of the citizens of the Valley of Virginia, to his stock of GARDEN SEEDS. FLOWER SEEDS, FRUIT TREES.
GRAPE VINES, and all SMALL FRUITS. EVERGRERN AND ORNAMENTAL

- A corps of thirty stump orators, chiefly color-ed, have been hired and sent South by the Republican Congressional Committee. They are directed to seek out and inflame the negroes even in the smallest villages. Another batch will soon follow.

Meanwhile the Northern Conservatives look on with as much indifference as if the Southern people were free, and able to resist, unaided, all these appliances of men and money. Shade Trees, Dies and FLOWERING SHRUBS. I will be prepared at all times to furnish every-ting in my line of trade. April 17, 1866-19

VOL. 19.

Spirit of Jefferson.

BENJAMIN F. BEALL, Editor.

CHARLESTOWN, VA.

Tuesday Morning, July 2, 1867.

OUR BIG SHOW.

The able editor of the Wheeling Register, who

has been holding up to view, in all their naked de-

formity, the rouges and hypocrites of Radicalism in that region of the State, thus expresses his opin-

ion of our "Big Show," and the contempt and de-

rision with which he regards the pusilanimous threat of the Berkeley Union to stop its further ex-

hibition by an indiscriminate attack upon decent

[From the Wheeling Register, June 24.]

The Spirit of Jefferson, published at Charlestown,

n this State, has presented a series of articles in

its editorial columns, under the title of the "Big

Show." They have been devoted to the exposure

of personal rascalities on the part of prominent

alty." He was induced to this course by no mali-

cious motives, but simply because the parties in

question could be compelled, in no other way, to desist from the petty tyrannies and annoyances

with which they had been harassing all those who

differed, politically, with themselves. Under these

circumstances, the Spirit of Jefferson opened its

"Big Show." In the management of that institu-

tion the editor has frequently been very severe, but never, he claims, unjustly so. He insists that he

has never exceeded the limits of fact, and as the

he appeared willing to bear, it is fair to presume

Union, a "loyal" sheet, comes nobly to the rescue

He does not propose to refute the charges of his co-

public discussion of the characters of defenseless

womanhood. If CHAPLINE & Co. are guilty, how

much less so will they be when they shall have held

up to public inspection the fame of those of the same

We could not have believed that there was an

editor in the State, who was sufficiently the pimp

for the satisfaction of a pack of skulking scoundrels.

Show," and that it will add this new beast to the

collection. Let him have a special cage, to be

placed, during the sickly season, at least, to the

leeward of the spectators, and it he don't die of his

own filth before Christmas, it will be because his

hide is maggot proof, or because his constitutional

nastiness can't breed diease and death. We hope

that the "Big Show" may go on, and that the first

his back slashed in permanent gridiron style, as an

effectual reminder of the infernal utensil upon which

A Scene. -Some funny scenes were witnessed

On Saturday, at one of the offices, a negro boy

looking to be about fifteen years old presented him-

self, desiring to be habilitated with all the pre-

rogatives of a full-blown American citizen. His

extremely youthful appearance attracted the atten-

tion of a colored challenger, when a colleguy en-

Boy-" Well, I was fifteen, and my brother was

Challenger, (much puzzled and counting on his

fingers)-" Fifteen and three are eighteen, and

Boy-" Well, my sister had a brother two years

[Winchester Times.

WHAT VIRGINIA SHOULD BE .- The New York

following not overdrawn picture of what she should

"Virginia, within her contracted boundaries, has

to-day a population of scarcely more than One

building mills, factories, furnaces, &c., and thus

creating a Home Market for Labor, Building Materials, Food and Fuel. We lervently trust that

-A dispatch says : "General Longstreet has left

New Orleans for Jackson, Miss., where he will remain with his family and attend to his private af.

fairs. He is said to have felt totally unprepared for the storm his letters created in the Southern press.

He meditated no intention of allaying himself with

the Radical party, but simply expressed, with a soldier's ignorance of sophistry, the policy he thought best and most likely to secure at early re-

ner better days have dawned."

construction of the country."

Challenger-" Dat's a fact. All right!"

Challenger-" How old are you?"

two are twenty. Dat won't quite do."

years older than him "

older than herself."

last week around the registration offices in Win

chester. The following is too good to be lost:

he is destined to broil through all eternity.

should know him no more forever.

that their cases would admit of no defence.

herdstown and vicinity.

Manly Retaliation.

men and virtuous women.

CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, JULY 2, 1867.

Emerson Etheridge.

This gentleman is carrying on a vigorous and relentless campaign against Brownlow and Jacobinism in Tennessee. He thus characterizes those nondescripts called Southern

"And who are the men that surround this shining light-this mob chieftain-this destroying angel? Who are they that do his will, echo his commands, give an appearance of strength to his power, and in all things sustain him as Eastern satraps and janissaries sustained their masters in Oriental times and lands? Who are they that seek in the name of loyalty to root out the seed, to kill the fruitful blossom of liberty, affecting to hate and despise a great rebellion at the moment they are arraying themselves on the side of a greater, a rebellion against society, peace, bu-manity, love, and all the precedents of good government? Who are they? I answer-Apostate Rebels! Not repentant rebels, not pardoned rebels, but recreant, base, cowardly, malignant, apostate rebels! The last and the greatest of earthly infamy has been reserved for those who have been false to every principle, truant to every party, faithless to every promise and engagement, because no other class of men could do the work that they heve done-could sink so low or grapple so

Pertinent Questions.

The Montgomery (Ala.) Mail suggests the following interrogatories :--

If the Yankees believed the Declaration of Independence meant freedom for all, why did they not free their slaves outright after the Revolution, instead of selling them to the people of the South?

parties exposed have never contradicted his asser-If the Yankees desired the destruction of tions, or in any way tested that responsibility which slavery, why did they vote for continuing the African slave trade in the year 1808. Why was it that Massachusetts had the In this emergency, the editor of the Berkeley

greatest number of vessels engaged in this trade and made most money by kidnapping poor Africans and selling them into bondage temporary, but merely to offset them with heavier Why was it that when Virginia, and other accusations against the rebels. He is going to prove Southern States, desired emancipation of the innocence of CHAPLINE and the purity of KOONTZ by polite references to the mulatto children slaves thirty-years ago, that Massachusetts of rebel preachers, and by elegant assaults upon commenced agitation against the South, and the character of leading ladies in that section .created sectional animosities which prevent-Singular as it may seem, the editor threatens to interpose in behalf of "loyal" rascality by assailing Why was it that the Yankees never thought

the reputation of women "occupying high social position in the estimation of F. F. V.'s," of Shepof emancipation during the war until some of the great Generals of the Confederacy met in council to advocate it? This is strategy worthy the genius of BUTLER.—
It is a noble illustration of "loyalty's" idea of Why was it that "loval" Massachusetts patriots had to fill up their quotas of troops by manly retaliation. The scoundrels who are too guilty to deny, and too cowardly to resent the charges of the Spirit, are to find reparation in the recruiting among the negroes of South Caro-

Why was it that they murdered the negroes by placing them in front at all dangerous places, and never giving them a commissioned officer of their own color to command

sex with their mothers and sisters? If these men are innocent, how can their purity appear through Why is it that not a negro holds a coma series of causeless and infamous assaults upon the missioned office in the negro regiments now names of helpless women? The proposition is as disgraceful as it is cowardly. It ought to guarantee If Wilson believes that universal suffrage the author an acquaintance with the heavy boots of

is a good thing when he expects the negroes every man in the community. Decent society to vote with him, why did he oppose giving suffrage to foreigners when he was in the If Wilson claims any merit for maintain-

and tool of revenge to outrage female reputations ing the Union, why did he resign his com-mission as Colonel, and go back to Washing-Such, however, seems to be the ambition of the ton just as his regiment came within sound of Berkeley Union. Since its editor has had the effronthe music of Confederate bullets? tery to announce such a purpose, we hope the Spirit of Jefferson will continue the exhibition of the "Big

Luxuries of Food in Lower Virginia.

Great as is the supply of game meat or wild food from the land, it is far exceeded by

that of the waters. Amongst birds we have almost innumerable quantities of wild geese. swan, wild ducks of the finest varieties and most delicious flavor. Ortolan is a delightslime slinging whelp who makes its exhibition a pretext for assaulting female reputations, may have ful repast for convalescent or gourmand, and under the water the supply of wholesome nutricious food and luxuries is greater by far than that from the other two combined.

The shad and herring fisheries in the Potomac, and other tributaries of the Chesapeake exceed in quantity as they do in ex-Besides these staple fisheries we have rock fish, taylor, trout, sunfish, croakers, and very many other varieties of delicious table fish, some of them obtained at each and all seasons of the year, and easily caught by traps,

weirs, the seine, or hook and line. In the way of shell fish, there are most abundant, large and widely dispersed beds of oysters of the finest flavor, hard crabs, soft three years older than me, and he had a sister two crabs, maninoes, turtles, and last but by no means the least, the diamond back terrapin, wonderfully esteemed by epicures.

The above variety of game and fish belong not to one or several localities, but are widely diffused, throughout every part of this section, and easily obtained with but slight labor or with but little expense, and frequently are contiguous to the gardens and orchards of the inhabitants. Tribune closes an article on "Virginia," with the

This is the variety, this the abundance which this section offers to its settlers; can it be matched elsewhere in the Old or in the New World?

Million She ought to have Five Millions, by the REGISTRATION .- In a table made up from close of this century, and Ten millions within the next. She should, within the next five years, be the returns of the Commissioners of Revenue it is estimated that there are in Virginia 124the highway of the shortest and cheapest commer-cial intercourse between the Atlantic and the Great 792 whites over twenty-one years old, and 73.004 blacks. Four counties and two towns Valley. Her unequalled natural wealth of Soil, Timber, Minerals, Water Power, and Inland Navare left out of the calculation, as no reports. igation, made her long the loremost State, and should have kept her so. What she now eminently needs is, 1st, A domestic rule which protects and honors labor: 2d. A National Policy which tends had been rendered from them. This shows that the whites may still control the destines of that State if they choose to register and to develop every latent resource by opening mines,

He was a native of New Jersey, was once in guage is spoken altogether. The water i

account of an alarming increase of rinderpest among the cattle in England. This informa-

HONDURAS:

As Seen by One who has been There-Both Sides of the Picture.

We announced some days ago, says the Atlanta Intelligencer, the return of D. P. Ferguson, Esq., to this city, after a sojourn of six weeks in Honduras. For the benefit of the all concerned we publish the following interesting result of his observations in that by no means inviting tropical region :--

ATLANTA, June 10, 1867. To the Intelligencer: - Many persons being desirous of obtaining information of Honduras, I propose, at the solicitation of several friends, to give the result of my observations during a six weeks sejourn in that country. Lands may be easily obtained at from 10 to 50 cents per acres or parties may get them under a recent immigration act as a donation from the government. They are rich-in fact, cannot be exhausted-and will produce in abundance almost everything that grows, such, for instance, as corn, cotton, sugar, coffee, rice, tobacco, indigo, cocow, beans, potatoes, pumpkins, squashes, cabbage, tomatoes, turnips, melons, &c. Wheat does not prosper. Corn will grow three crops from the same ground every year, yielding at least 50 bushels to the acre each crop, without any cultivation more than simply planting the seed. Cotton produces two crops in eighteen months, each crop yielding, as I was inform-ed, from two to three thousand pounds of

seed cotton to the acre. This is long staple sea island cotton, and from my experience in cotton raising, I have no doubt as to the correctness of the statement. The stalks are six feet apart in hills each way, and from six to nine feet high, and heavily laden with balls to the top all of which matures. Cotton is also raised without cultivation. The stalks, after each crop is gathered, have to be cut down, as they will grow so tall that the cotton cannot be gathered. If left alone they would become large trees. I saw one six years old that much resembled in size a pear or apple of tobacco are made every year. Coffee, one crop only, but it continues to grow for many years. Rice, one crop and very fine; it grows on any kind of land. Cocow, one crop, but it continues to produce from the same stalk for many years. Potatoes grow and mature at all seasons, some of them enormously large, but I believe they are not so delicious

as our own here. Cabbage can be grown all the year round, and other vegetables the same. Melons grow finely. Vegetables require cultivation, and for this reason but few of them are used by the natives. Garden seeds are quite scarce there.

The timber is generally very large, but not dense. The valuable woods are mahogany, rosewood, cedar, lignum vitæ, ebony. India rubber, logwood, chinchona, and others. The medical plants are not yet developed.

Stock mules and horses are small but very stout and serviceable, and plenty of them in the country. The cattle are very fine and of good size-are similar to the English breed. Hogs are of large size, and all black. Sheep the same as those of Georgia, but, together with the goat, are not numerous, only being raised as a kind of pet. Mules and horses vary in price from \$20 to \$50. The cow and beef from \$5 to \$12; in herds they can be purchased for less. Poultry is raised in great abundance. There is plenty of game, such as deer, turkey, duck, prairie hen, wild pig, &c. The first is said to be plentiful-I saw but few. There are oranges, lemons, cocoanuts, pine apples, bananas, alligator pears, and many other fruits, at all seasons of the

per, lead, iron, and salt-petre mines. Labor can be had at 371 cents per day, the laborer feed stock at all, as they keep fat by grazing. Corn is only for purposes of bread. A short time before hogs are killed they are fed upon | for two children and herself by her own la-

I found the natives friendly, supplying me in every instance with all the comforts I askee for .: Provisions sell as follows: Rice, 2 cents per pound; sugar \$3.50 to \$5 per hundred pounds; hogs, each, \$3.50 to \$5; cattle, \$5 to \$8; sheep, and goats, 75 to \$1.25 gars, per 1000, \$2 to \$5; dry hides, each, \$1. Any kind of merchandize can be bought at the scaport towns at less prices than here:

The country, is mostly mountainous, with many beautiful streams flowing from them .dance of water for mill purposes. The streams run rapidly, and have pebbly bot-

Among the natives I saw or heard of but little drinking or gambling, and Americans, who have lived there for years, inform me that they were very honest, theft being rare among them. Being of peaceable and quiet natures disturbance are of rare occurrence.— The government is a republic, with laws sim-

ilar to those of this country. The President and Vice President are elected every four years, and the other officers as we do. Amercans who have lived for many years look to be in excellent health, and represent the country as healthy as any other. I could see no cause for sickness. There were no stagnant waters, and the natives live to a very

business in Philadelphia, came to Virginia not as cool and refreshing as one could desire.

The heat in the middle of the day is very some years ago, and bought lands near Aquia creek, and subsequently was appointed to the office which he held and retained until his death:

—The State Department has received dispatches from our Consul at London giving an account of an alarming increase of rinderpest among the cattle in England. This information is a some years ago, and bought lands near Aquia creek, and subsequently was appointed to the oppressive, but the mornings and evenings are cool and pleasant. There are plenty of ticks and gnats, a few mosquitoes, and a great many ants. The society, like that of all new countries, is not good. There are none but and very sorry—are made of mud, with dirt and very sorry—are made of mud,

The National Intelligencer says: "Already business interests; especially so far as they may be connected with the agricultural prosperity of the South, have taken alarm at the prospect of mischievous and reckless legislation by Congress, at the proposed July sols."

There are no shoemakers, or machinery of any kind in the country. No hotels, theatres, ner amusements. The fare is rough, and the discomforts, such as are percultural to all new countries, have to be borne by the new comer. There is no timber suit able for fencing. Hedges are for that purposed July able for fencing. Hedges are for that purposed. There are, of course, no animals brother sale of his book.

ken to harness, for vehicles are unknown to the people. As an indication of the state of society now existing there, I will remark that it is the custom of the men and women to bathe together in the streams. It seemed to be a "custom of the country," they thinking it altogether proper, having been raised to it.

There are no cleared lands. The country is rough, and accommondations very bad, as house are indifferent, and but few of them, Persons going to that country must make up their minds to endure all such. Whoever will go there and be satisfied, may with the necessary industry, soon amass a fortune.

Land Buyers -- Present Prices

At various times, for several months past, capitalists from Maryland and Pennsylvania, and other States, have travelled this State, for the purpose of examining the lands offered for sale privately and through the various land agencies. These excursions have rather been of a "prospecting" character, we should judge, as comparatively few purchases have been made, so far as we have been informed, From reliable gentlemen who have conversed with some of these parties on the subject, we learn that the prevailing opinion among them is that the price of land in Virginia will be cheaper when the existing stay law shall have ceased to operate; that hundreds of farmers will be unable to meet their indebtedness, and that their lands will be sold at low prices as a consequence. This may be the case in Eastern Virginia, where slave labor principally prevailed; but such is not the case in the Valley. Our people are in a more flourishing condition, and the sacrifice of land among us will be restricted to the poor and valueless

The writer could name a number of farms in this county, which, some thirty years ago, were sold at from thirty to fifty dollars per acre, cannot now be purchased for double these prices. This enchancement in the valuation of land, not only in the Valley, but throughout the State, as shown by the several assessments since the construction of our. Turnpikes and Railroads, has been steady and necessary to plant the sugar cane or the cot-ton oftener than every ten years. Two crops the Manassas Gap Railroad shall have been reconstructed, and our people shall have the facilities for marketing their commodities, the price of good land will rather advance than decline. This is a simple proposition, and every practical man will understand it.

To those, therefore, who wish to invest their surplus capital in the productive lands of our beautiful Valley-this "Garden Spot of Virginia," as it has been appropriately termed-we would say, now is the time.-You can purchase cheaper now than you will be enabled to do hereafter .- Shen. Herald.

GENERAL RHODES AT CHANCELLORS VILLE.—The Tuscaloosa Monitor, whose editor ("the gallant Lieut Col. Garvin," as he is styled in Rhodes' report,) was severely wounded in the battle, says, in publishing

this document : A participator in this battle will recognize the truthfulness of its description in every line, and in every movement of the division, from its advance until the field was won. It was in this field, near Melzi Chancellor's house that Gen. Jackson riding up to Gen. Rhodes, said : "General your troops have carried every position with a gallantry unsurpassed. From your skilful handling of them | fear in the "deer" tribe are compared with you deserve promotion, and shall have it,— Sir, the day is ours." This was probably the last recommendation for promotion ever made by Gen. Jackson. How our gallant Rhodes deserved it, let the history of the country tell. His old brigade and his division will join us in thanks to his accomplished and noble lady for enabling us to add to the history of the times this report from his manuscript copy. As great in the misfortunes which have overwhelmed her beloved South as she was kind and gentle to the privates of maintaining himself. It is not necessary to her gallant husband's command, she now displays those higher traits of Southern woman-hood, by her self-independence, in providing

PREPARATION OF WHITEWASH .- Whitewash is one of the most valuable articles in the world when rightly applied. It prevents not only the decay of wood, but conduces greatly to the healthiness of all buildings, whether of wood or stone, Outbuildings and fences, when not painted, should be supplied once or twice every year with a good coat of whitewash, which should be prepared in the tollowing way: Take a clean, water-tight bar-The water is very pure and clear, but not so rel, or other suitable cask, and put into it cool as that of Georgia. There is an abun- half a bushel of lime. Slack it by pouring water over it, boiling hot, and in sufficien quantity to cover it five inches deep, and stir it briskly until thoroughly slacked. When the slacking has been effected, dissolve it in water, and add two pounds of sulphate of zine, and one of common salt. These will cause the wash to harden, and prevent it cracking, which gives an unseemly appearance to the work. If desirable a beautiful cream color may be communicated to the above wash, by adding three pounds of yellow ocre; or a good pearl or lead color, by the addition of lamp, vine or ivory black. For fawn color add four pounds of umber, Turkish or American, the latter is the cheapest, one pound India red, and one pound common lampblack. For common stone color, add four pounds raw umber and two pounds lampblack. This wash may be applied with a com mon whitewash brush, and will be found -Mr. Isace Newtown, Commissioner of griculture, died in Washington recently.

-The will of John Clark, of Baltimore, lately deceased, was yesterday admitted to among the cattle in England. This information was communicated on Tuesday the 18th inst. to the Secretary of the Treasury, in order that efficient measures might be adopted to prevent its introduction into this country.

There are no saw-mills, no grist-mills, no grist-mills, no wagons, no buggies, no harness, and no ploughs. The inhabitants are very ignorant, the most of them being entirely destitute of as his request, in connection with the St. John' Methodist Protestant Churdh, on Lib

Spirit of Jefferson

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One Square, One Month, One Square, Three Months, One Square, Six Months, One Square, One Year, 15.00
Ten Lines or less, constitute a Square.
Tearly Advertisements by Special Contract.

More About the Capture of Mr. Davis

NO. 44.

POETICAL.

WHAT THEN?

After the joys of earth,
After its song sand mirth,
After its hours of light,
After its dreams so bright—
What then?

Only an empty name, Only a weary frame, Only a conscious smart,

After this empty name, After this weary frame,

After this constitute smart, After this aching heart, What then?

Only a sad farewell.
To a world loved too well,
Only a si'ent bed.
With the forgotten dead.

After this sad farewell To a world loved too well, After ims of ent bed

With the forgotten dead,
What then?

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Holy Land in 1867.

The Chicago Journal has a correspondent who is strolling through the Holy Land and

Palestine. He is not particularly impressed

with its present state, whatever its past may

have been. He says: "I have not seen a

wagon road in Palestine. Even the stones

and timber for building the houses of Jeru-

alem must be brought into the city upon the

backs of camels and donkeys; and the roads

over which Abraham, David, Christ and the

A postles once travelled are but paths wind-

ing over rocks and around the base of sterile mountains. In fact this whole land, said to

have been once so beautiful, is now but a

rocky barren waste. I think I have seen

more good land in one square mile in Iowa or.

country is occupied by the Bedouin Arabs, and for the privilege of visiting the river

Jordan and Dead Sea their Sheik requires

ple whose glory filled the whole earth.

Large Eyes.

ing and decending declivities, a fact which

we evince in running up and down stairs, and

comes to a hill; and hence the Scotch High-

landers as well as the sheep, goat; chamois,

open, reverse the process by which you draw your breath, till the lungs are empty. This process should be repeated three or four times immediately after bathing, and also several

be gray-headed, but her motherly relation is

etc., have large eyes and great activity.

Only an aching heart.

The Portland Argus publishes the follow-I am no admirer of Jeff. Davis; I am a

Yankee, born between Saccarappa and Gor-ham Corner, am full of Yankee prejudices, but I think it wicked to lie even about him, or for that matter, about the devil. I was with the party that captured Jeff.
Davis—saw the whole transaction from its
beginning. I now say, and hope that you
will publish it, that Jeff. Davis did not have on, at the time he was taken, any garment such as worn by women. He did have over his shoulder a water-proof article of clothing.

Something like a "Havelock." It was not in the least concealed. He wore a hat and did not carry a pail of water on his head, nor carry a pail, bucket or kettle in any way.

To the best of my recollections, he earlied nothing whatever in his hands. His wife did not tell any person that her husband might hurt somebody if he got exasperated. She beliaved like a lady, and he as a gentleman, though manifestly he was chagrined at being taken into custody. Our soldiers behaved like gentlemen as they were, and our officers like honorable, brave men; and the foolish

stories that went the newspaper rounds of the day telling how wolfishly he deported himself, were all false. When it was known that he was certainly taken, some newspaper correspondent-- I knew his name at the time-fabricated the story about the disguise in an old woman's dress. I heard the whole matter talked over as a good joke, and the officers, who knew better, never took the trouble to deny it. I defy any person to find a single officer or soldier who was present at the capture of Jeff.

disguised in woman's clothes, or that his wife acted in any way unlady-like or undignified

Davis, who will say, upon honor, that he was

Illinois than in all Palestine. Much of the on that occasion JAMES H. PARKER. Eilburnville, Pa., May 9, 1867. GENERAL SHERIDAN'S EARLY CAREER

\$2.50 from each person. For this amount -Mr. John Talbot, of the Robinson (Iil.) Constitution, gives his personal recollections he sends a guard of Arabs with you. The crops of sugar in one year, and the yield is abundant. The cane is very large. It is not necessary to place the control of the price in the price in the future. On necessary to place the control of the price in the future. On necessary to place the control of the price in the future. On necessary to place the control of the price in the future. On necessary to place the control of the price in the future. On necessary to place the control of the price in the future. On necessary to place the control of the price in the future. On necessary to place the control of the price in the future. as it now stands, with the narrow streets filled with dogs, Arabs and filth, it is hard to real- Sheridan-then a boy of twelve years-from ize that it was once the home of more than | humble obscurity, and gave him a place in one million human beings, and the proud me- our store. We found him bright, willing tropolis of a mighty nation. While looking and accommodating, and we took considerout of the window at the Mosque of Omar, able pains in instructing him in the intervals of business. We kept him a couple of years ; where the Turk bears rule, I can but ask myself the question. Is it possible that on that he then went into a dry-goods establishment, spot stood the temple of Solomon? Is it staid in that for some time, until through the staid in that for some time, until through the there that David held his court? The pages influence of General Ritchey then a member of Congress, he was admitted to West Point. of history answer, Yes. That spot is Mount Moriah. Upon that ground stood that Tem- He had been, until the breaking out of the Southern war engaged in the Indian territories. Soon after the war began our oldest son entered the army. We wrote to Sheridan requesting his influence towards his promotion. Large eyes have always been admired, especially in women, and may be considered esus, to use his influence to have him promoted. sential to the highest order of beauty, in al- He expressed the gratification it would give most every description of which from Helen him to do something to prove to me his grate-to Troy to any modern heroine, they hold a ful remembrance of the many favors [1] conprominent place. We read of "large spiritual eyes," and "eyes loving large," and of
"little sparkling, lady eyes," to which the
epithets spiritual" and "loving" are now applied. An Arab expresses his idea of the

The Hememorance of the many lavois [1] conferred upon him in days gone by.' But my
boy was killed soon after, and nothing of
course was done."

A GALLANT OLD NEGRO.—The Lynch-

beauty of a woman by saying that she has burg Republican relates the following:

the eye of a gazelle. This is the burden of his The rarest specimen of humanity that we song. The timidity gentleness and innocent have beheld for many years, is a colored gentleman named Daniel Johnson, who presented himself to us yesterday. Daniel is exactly six feet eight inches high, and lost a leg at the modesty of the young girl; "let her be as the loving hind—the pleasant roe." Persons with large eyes give us the impression the first battle of Manasses while waiting on of being "wide awake" and ready for action, A. P. Hill. He carries around an official while small eyed people have more generalrecord of his military services, and a list of ly a "sleepy look" and a sluggish tempera-ment or habit of body. persons contributing various sums for the purchase of an artificial leg. Daniel's head, Dr. Redfield observes that "persons with. politically speaking, is nearer level than that large eyes have very lively emotions, think of any African with whom we enjoy any intivery rapidly and speak fast, unless there be a macy. He says he hated the Yankees till he oredominance of phlegmatic temperament.can't experience a moment's rest. When he got to weeping about it, we asked him if he Of persons with small eyes the reverse is true. The former are quick and spontaneous in would like to take a little something to drink, feeling and in the expression of them, and he replied that he felt a little unwell, and are therefore simple, like the Scotch, Swiss believed he would. We gave him a quarter, and all who inhabit mountainous regions.— and saw him afterwards as happy as a lark. and saw him afterwards as happy as a lark. The latter are slow and calculating, and We are very much afraid our friend will never therefore artful, like the Gipsies, people who have money enough at once to buy as long a generally inhabit level countries. There is leg as he ought to have. a connection between activity and the ascend-

THE CROPS AT THE WEST .- Of the Western barvest, the Chicago Republican says: which an active horse exhibits when he "The uniformity of the favorable tune of these reports with reference to the prospective harvests is somewhat remarkable. Spring grain uniformly looks well. All the varieties of fruit promise abundantly, except cherries. EXPANDING THE LUNGS.—Step out into With one or two exceptions, winter grain, the purest air you can find; stand perfectly when spoken of at all, receives favorable erect, with the head up and the shoulders mention. There is manifest no tone of disback, and then fixing your lips as though you | couragement concerning the corn crop.were going to whistle, draw the air, not Though late, it is starting finely under the through the nostrils, but through the lips in influence of the June heat, and there is plenty to the lungs. When the chest is about half of time for it to grow and produce a heavy full, gradually raise the arms, keeping them extended, with the palms of the hands down, as you suck in the air, so as to bring them over the head just as the lungs are quite full.

Then drop the thumbs inward, and after gently foreign the arms heal word the foreign the fo tly forcing the arms backward, and the chest | tating the crop wherever it appears."

A LARGE FARM .- The St. Paul Pioncer says the largest farm in Minnesota is owned immediately after bathing, and also several by Oliver Dalrymple, a lawyer of that city. times through the day. It is impossible to It is located near Hastings, Minnesota. The

describe to one who has never tried it, the Pioneer adds: "Mr. Dalrymple has about two thousand glorious sense of vigor which follows this exercise. It is the best expectorant in the ercise It is the best expectorant in the world. We know a gentlenian, the measure of whose chest has been increased by this and a large force of men in his enterprise. means some three or four inches in as many This land one year ago was unbroken prairie; months. THY MOTHER. - Despise her not when she At 20 bushels to the acre, a low average for is old. Age may waste a mother's beauty, new land, Mr. Dalrymple will have 34,000 strength, limbs, senses and estate; but the relation a mother is as the sun when it goes forth in its might—it is always the meridian, tions. We think he will be able to make and knoweth no evening. The person may farming profitable."

ever in the flourish. It may be autumn, yea, winter with a woman, but with a mother it is Smith has furnished public with an elaboralways spring. Alas, how little do we appreciate a mother's tenderness while living.— bail bond of Jefferson Davis. He believed How heedless we are of all her anxietics and Mr. Davis entitled to either trial or liberty. kindness! But when she is dead and gone and thinks there could hardly have been suffiwhen the care and coldness of the world cient reason for a delay of two years. Lawyers comes withering to our hearts—when we experience how hard it is to find true sympathy, how few will befriend in misfortune—then it is that we think of the mother we bond. He claims that he was acting in perfect consistency with his previous profes-sions since the South laid down its arms.

-Pay for your paper and be at peace.

OUR BIG SHOW.

What Becomes of the Money

The radical party is perhaps the only party that ever had an existence, that did not possess in its organism some redeeming feature, or that had not something good to counterbalance in part an immense amount of evil. And even in the radical party, so far as relates to its national organization, there may possibly exist something to commend it to favor, however difficult it may be to discover that something. Like all other parties that have originated, lived and died, there is gross inconsistency between its professions and its practice. But whatever may be said of the radical party as a national party that is good; it is very certain that in some localities its existence is as fatal to the welfare and prosperity of the community, as is the administration of strichnine to the physical organization. It is a poison as deadly in its effects upen the material progress of the country, as that which is emitted from the fangs of the rattle snake is fatal to the human system, and the remedies which have proved efficacious for the latter, would utterly fail in its applicarich to the former. Nothing can touch it without contamination, and any intercourse with it breeds the strongest passions to induige in every conceivable variety of iniquity, from the stealing of the most valueless article to the perpetration of the most heinous orimes that elicit the condemnation of the laws of God or man. This deadly type of radicalism is that which afflicts the unfortunate people of West Virginia, and which has perpetuated its existence by the most outrageous frauds that the inventive genius of the unprincipled and base could suggest. In all its relations to the public in this State, it has shown a destitution of morals and a depravity of principle that should bury it beneath the unappeased opprobrium of an indignant. herents and advocates a prison more loathesome than the black-hole of Calcutta. And what has it to plead in extenuation of its violation of all the rights with which humanity is vested? Nothing but the inordinate desire of its leaders for the possession and retention of power and plunder. The foregoing is general and preliminary. We now proceed to the discharge of a duty which de-

before the bar of public opinion, the BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

volves upon us as a journalist, and arraign,

of Jefferson county. And first, we open with the declaration that they have forfeited the confidence of the people, and rendered themselves just-subjects of criticism, in unnecessarily squandering the people's money, by Lestowing contracts upon irresponsible parzies. The proof of this lies in the fact that during the year 1866, after Joe Chapline had succeeded in procuring a permanent location of the county seat at Shepherdstown, the Board of Supervisors then existing, appointed a commmittee to advertise for proposals for the erection of a jail, a description and the dimensions of which accompanied the advertisement. Numerous proposals were submitted, among them one offering to build the jail for \$4,000. A bargain was struck, and the appropriation made, and for a while the work went bravely, but not rapidly on. The contractors had overcropped themselves, and it became necessary to apply for relief. A compassionate Board sympathized with their condition, and another \$1,000 was voted for their benefit, although the building had progressed but little beyond its foundation. This enabled the contractors to put in a few more stone, and a few additional trowels of mortar, but it was not long until there was another application made for relief. Generously the Board of Supervisors came to the rescue, and \$1,000 more went out of the county treasury and found its way to the pockets of the contractors or stuck to the fingers of some of the county officials .- And yet the countyprison had not reached that state of comple tion necessary to place it beyond the demand for an additional thousand-making in all seven thousand dollars. One would think that such an excess of appropriation over the contractors' price, would secure the people of the county from any further requisitions for all time to come. Not so, however. After this liberal expenditure of funds, to provide which enormous assessments are made upon. the property of disfranchised citizens, it is discovered that the jail is unfit for the accommodation of the criminals of the county, without the erection of a well, which will perhaps entail another expenditure of \$3,000 of the people's money. There is but one theory upon which we can account for this conduct of our county officials. Feeling that their crimes merit the severest punishment, they expect at no distant day to become the occupants of this jail, and they want to make original compositions and translations of the To provide for their future comfort, the country is taxed, TAXED, Until the wild awarded the premium to the authoress of the country can be perpetuated, whose natal day of independence is permitted to pass unhongroans of the victims are beginning to drown. the revelries of the immaculate in their carthe revolries of the immaculate in their car-lence of many of the productions submitted to their inspection, rendered the task of dis-your fate is written, and the finger of destiny points to your eternal condemnation.

Now, in behalf of an oppressed people, we Now, in behalf of an oppressed people, we py expressiveness of diction in the original claim the right to inquire what has become composition already named, and the facility of this money that has been so lavishly appropriated. What have you done with it, for dollars? Who are your beneficiaries? Are they not radicals of the intensest hue, who never felt a generous impulse unless it was composition and translation was awarded to Miss-Fannie Fornest. your jail to-day is not worth two thousand connected with selfishness? Stand up ye The exercises of the evening were inter- transmitted, many of them leaders before the bar of public opinion, and spersed throughout with most excellent music.

receive your sentence in the scorn of a people whom you have deliberately plundered, should be understood that the odium of this ever, that throughout the examinations of the waste of money does not attach to the exist- week, and the compositions and oral declamaing Board of Supervisors, except so far as tions of its close, the pupils evinced a degree pertains to the last thousand appropriated for of perfection in studies and just appreciation the purpose of finishing the jail, and the additional amount that may be required for paper stopped at any time. Do not subject | building the wall. Its members are responsible to that extent, no more.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

Our Town Schools

JEFFERSON INSTITUTE .- The commence ment exercises of this excellent institution under the management of Mrs. A. M. For-REST, took place on Friday evening last, in the presence of a large number of its patrons and friends; who evinced the highest gratification at the unmistakeable evidence exhibited of the progress and proficiency of the young ladies connected with it. The following is the programme for the evening:

PROGRAMME. Salutatory—Miss Crasses.

Etude Mazurka—Sol)—Miss L. Forrest.

Local Attachicents—Composition—Miss Leache.

Polka S. tt—Ductt—Miss Tomenson and Miss A.

CRANE --Land O'Cakes Composition -- Miss : F. FORREST.
Come o'er the Sca -- Duett -- Misses RUTHERFORD Hope and Memory-Composition-Miss CRANE.

La Belle Etrangere-Solo-Miss Wysong.

Our Country-Composition-Miss Timeselake.

The Conquered Banner-Recitative-Miss Camp-

In the Starlight-Yocal Duett-The Misses For-Silent Cities—Composition—Miss Tomuson.
Brigand Polka—Duett—Misses Cranz and F.

CORREST.

Le Juif Errant par Beranger—read by Miss Esv.
I Puritana—Duett—Misses Leache and L. For-EST.
The Diver—Poetical Translation by Miss Fannie FORREST.
Sophie Waltz—Solo—Miss A. CRANE.
German Literature—Composition—Miss L. För-

Immortality of the Soul-Translation-Read by Miss Arsquith.
Turn not Away-Vocal Duett-Miss Wyson and Miss L. FORBPST.
Follies of Fashion-Composition-Miss REED. Knickerbocker Quadrille-Duett-Misses For

Valedictory—Miss Alsquith:
Address by Mr Hopkins.
Award of Medals Benedie anima mea.

We believe that we express nothing more than the judgment of all who had the pleasure to be present on the occasion, when we say that that the original compositions were of an extraordinarily high order of merit. And whilst-where so much excellence was gen erally shown-we would not be understood as making any disparaging distinctions, we cannot refrain from mentioning the production 'Local Attachments," by Miss LEACH, "Land O' Cakes," by Miss FANNIE FORREST, "Ger man Literature." by Miss LIZZIE FORREST and "Follies of Fushion," by Miss EMMA REED, as efforts much-beyond the range of such as are usually introduced as part of the exercises of such occasions. They combined a maturity of thought with a vigor and beauty of expression such as are rarely found except with writers of an age and experience far greater than are possessed by the young ladies to whom we have just referred-

A most entertaining part of the performances of the evening was the reading of translations from standard German and French authors-an exercise requiring as much mental capacity, although of a peculiar kind-as original composition. Indeed the latter is very often less difficult, as there are in it a freedom and a latitude of range possible which never are attainable in rendering the thoughts. and that undefinable something which we call the style of an author from a foreign-language

This task was admirably accomplished in several of the translations read on Friday evening. "The Diver," in verse, from the German, by Miss FANNIE FORREST, was a most successful performance of this sort, as was also the prose translation of "The Immortality of the Soul" by Miss Arsquith,

At the conclusion of the reading of the compositions and translations the Rev. A. C. Hopkins delivered a most appropriate and forcible address, which abounded in valuable practical suggestions to the young ladies of the Institute as to the discharge of the great duties of life which they must all encounter.

The following premiums awarded to the young ladies who had been most successful in their studies during the year were then distributed by Mrs. Forrest:

1. For highest marks in First Class, a Gold Star, to Miss LYTTIE AISQUITH. 2. For same in the Second Class, a Silver Star; to Miss BETTIE CRAMER. 3. For same in the Third Class, a Silver

Star, to Miss SALLIE TRAVERS. 4. A Gold Scroll to Miss Annie Crane for proficiency-in Music. 5. To Miss MARY TOMLINSON, a Silver

Maltese Cross for proficiency in Latin. 6. To Miss WILLIE EBY, a Silver Maltese Cross for proficiency in French. 7. To Miss BESSIE WYSONG, a Silver Shield, motto Labor Vincit, for great im-

8. To Miss BESSIE WEIRICK, a handsom copy of the Testament for general good conduct, she having received but one-demerit

mark-during the whole year There was no premium for Mathematics, Had there been, it was announced by Mrs Forrest, it would have been awarded to Miss Bessie Travers, she having made the greatest advancement in that study.

The committee consisting of Messrs: W-H. Travers, N. S. White and Rev. Mr. Tongue, to whose inspection were submitted the compositions and translations with a view to the award of a prize for the most meriterious, made the following report :

young ladies of the 1st and 2d classes, have committee desire to say, that the great excelficulty; but in view of the youthfulness of the writer, and the clearness of style and haption which accompanied it, the committee have reached the conclusion just announced.

CHARLESTOWN ACADEMY .- Unavoidable of principles resulting, in a high degrac creditable to themselves, and encouraging to the zeal and assiduity of the principal and his assistants. A young friend who was present informs us that two prizes were awarded; the first to ADDRIDGE CHEW for his composition on " Stonewall-Inckson, Virginia's Noblest Sor," which fully merited this reward; and the second to FRANK BEDINGER, for a composition on the " Eighth Commandment," equally descrying special notice. The closing speech of WM. DOWNEY, with his basis Man, the Architect of his own Fortune, was well received as a production of sound thought and forcible illustration. Among the visitors present was the Rev. Mr. BERRY, who made a short address, and the closing exercises of the session were terminated by

MR#Bhown's School.—As we stated in our last issue, there was no public exhibition of this excellent school for young ladies, contemplated, but we are gratified to state that its session terminated with most satisfactory results, and with a handsome and bountiful entertainment at the residence of the principal, on Thursday evening.

MELANCHOLY CASUALTY.-The feelings of the community were greatly excited yesterday, by the unexpected intelligence that AUSTIN M. LCCK, a young man of much promise and greatly endeared to his schoolmates and acquaintances, had shot himself with a pistol-ball through the forehead, about 10 o'clock, A. M. It has proved, alas, too true, and though he is still living at the time of penning this notice, his physicians, as we learn; have no hopes of his recovery,-Whether by accident or design this melancholy occurrence resulted, no means of knowing may now ever come to light, and it is sufficient to know that the condolence and sympathy of all are universally awakened and most sincerely expressed; with the afflicted parents and relatives of the gifted youth soendeared to them by all the ties of nature; and now just verging on the brink of eternity. He is the son of Thomas and Esther A Lock, near Summit Point in this county, who lost their eldest son during the latter days of the war, from which grief they have scarcelyrecovered, ere another affliction has comeupon them, even more unexpected and distressing than the first. Austin's age is about eighteen. Truly may we say, the ways of Providence are mysterious!

paper to press, we are pained to learn of the death of the estimable wife of the Rev. E. W. BEDINGER, now of this county, but formerly of Kentucky. She was a daughter of the Hon. Wm. Lucas, at whose residence she died-has long been an invalid, and leaves. a large family of children, relatives and friends, to mourn her early decease.

OUR HARVEST is now fully under way; and the weather of the last few days quite propitious: The effects of the rust it is believed will not materially effect the crop of this county, and it is to be hoped Providence may favor our farmers until this important crop has been safely stored. The number of Reapers" introduced has very much lessened the amount of labor necessary for the wheat harvest, and it is believed no serious difficulty in this respect will prevent the crop from being secured, as hands are being found adequate for the work. The price ranges from \$2.50 to \$3,00 for cradlers.

CONFISCATED .- It is a trite, but too true | which was carried. remark, that the pitcher sometimes goes once too often to the well. Our citizens have frequently noticed of late a most unseemly sort of wagon passing through our streets, large enough in size to have held the stores of a quarter-master in the late Confederate army, with its bed-loaded nearly as high as a hay rick; and to all appearances freighted with rags, cotton, or some other combustible material. And so it proved to be, but not of the kind suggested. A United States collector of revenue chancing to be in town, as the freighted gondola was quietly passing, had seen the suspected craft before, and at once brought it to anchor. On examination, its cargo was found to be, fifteen barrels of whiskey, in transitu to the cities, and nary legal stamp, save the old barrels which had been gathered up for the occasion. It was said to have come from the distillery of Mr. Eddy on the Opequon, near Winchester, who had been similarly detected in trying to make railroad connection at Martinsburg, by which two or more loads were confiscated and went under. These matters are novel to us, but on account of the exorbitant government tax, are of every day occurrence in the cities.

THE FOURTH:-Its ballowed associations are fast passing away, and the booming cannon and the stirring drum, no longer wel comes its advent! The reflection is a melancholy one, but it is nevertheless true. The causes of this are too apparent to need repetition, but it becomes the patriot and statesof independence, is permitted to pass unhonored and unsung. No government has ever yet existed without the hearts and affections of the people, and if ours is to be an exception let those modern. Nero's answer, who are willing to fiddle whilst Rome is burning.

THE TELEGRAPH OFFICE in this town is being fully appreciated by our people, and its advantages to the business community every day made more apparent. We learn by an examination of the book of the office, that since its opening on the 5th of May to the present time, I75 messages have been transmitted, many of them to the most distant parts of the country.

Several of the old members of the city: government of Mobile having refused to accept their appointments from General Pope, Gen. Swayne has issued an order directing the vacancies, to be filled "from that large class of citizens who have heretofore been denied the right of suffrage and participation in the municipal affairs, and whose patriotism will prevent them from following this disloyal example."

SUNDAY was the hottest day of the season, absence prevented us from being present at the thermometer being 90° in the shade. If that your pimps might fatten upon the spoils the closing exercises of this institution on the mercury still keeps going up, our ice which you have levied for their benefit. It Friday last. We are gratified to learn, how- cream saloons and soda fountain restablishments, will be popular resorts for the next, Richmond, was concluded on Tuesday last week. week or two. And in this connection it may be well enough to say, that these places have been specially arranged for the convenience

and accommodation of the ladies, and a little more gallantry on the part of the contlemen. than has recently been shown, would best accord with our ancient character. We are sure that a mere intimation is all that is ne-THE MATCH GAME of Base Ball between

on account of the latter club very unceremoniously failing to "come to time." A TRAIN of Government wagons passed through our town Sunday morning having encamped the night previous on the suburbs. They were attached to the Burial Corps at. Winchester and were freighted with boxes an appropriate prayer from the Rev. Mr. for the Federal dead yet being gathered in the neighborhood of Harper's Ferry.

> The Baltimore Guzette of yesterday, states that it was rumored at Washington on Saturday that Maximilian had been executed by hanging, on the 19th ult. The story, however, is said to lack confirmation. We saw it stated a short time since, that we were nearer China than Mexico, as to the receipt of accurate news, and recent facts have proved its correctness ...

> The Agent of the Freedmen's Bureau for the counties of Jefferson and Berkeley, is Capt. J. C. Brubaker.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

For any remissness of the past, we expect o make amends in the future, and when our farmers become more interested than they have been in the recent past, as to the selling price of products, we shall furnish full and accurate reports from our commercial emporiums. Suffice it to say that the following was the report of the market in Baltimore on Saturday :-

GOLD, 138 amadvance of son the closing quotation of Friday. FLOUR-Family, \$14.50 to \$15.00; Bal timore, Welch's, &c., Extra Family, \$17 00;

shipping: brands extra \$13.50 to \$15.00. GRAIN-Wheat \$2.50, and the new crop anxiously anticipated, Corn \$1.00 to \$1.05.

WHISKEY, 30 cts. for country, and 35 cts.

Supervisors Meeting .- The first session of the new Board of Supervisors of Jefferson was held in Shepherdstown on the 20th ult Dr. James Logie was re-elected President. An innumerable quantity of Licenses to re-DECEASED .- At the time of putting our tail liquor were granted, and most of the road and other bills ordered to be paid. We append such other action of any general impor-

> Ordered, that James Logie, the President of the Board, be authorized to sign the lease between Shepherd Breoks and the Board of Supervisors of Jefferson county, W. Va., for the Court House and lot-

> Ordered, that the salaries of Township Clerks be seventy-five dollars dollars per year. Supervisor Reed moved to reveke the orler passed at the meeting in May, in regard to-tax on dogs, which was carried.

Ordered, that twenty cents on the hundred dollars valuation of the real and personal property of the county, and one dollar and fifty cents capitation tax be levied for county

Supervisor Staley moved eight cents on the hundred dollars on all property subject to taxation for State purposes be levied on all property outside of the corporate limits of he incorporated towns within the country, for the purpose of keeping the roads in repair. which metion was carried.

Supervisor Butler moved that the tax collected in each Township for road purposes, be expended on the roads in the Township, Ordered that Joseph Crane and R. W Baylor be summoned to appear before the Board on Tuesday the 16th day of July, 1867,

for the purpose of settling their accounts with the old Board of School Commissioners. Ordered, that one thousand dollars be appropriated for the purpose of fluishing the

ounty jail: Ordered, that a wall be built around the county jail and that W. G. Butler, R. N. Duke and David Billmyer be appointed a committee to have it built, and report to this

Ordered, that all the Road Surveyors in he county be notified to apear before the Board on the 3d Monday in July. Ordered, that the salary of the Clerk of the Board be \$600.00 per year; and that of the Sheriff \$200:00 per year.

Ordered, that \$200.00 be ap the purpose of building a bridge, over the Furnace Run-in Bolivar Townshi Ordered, that the Assessor be allowed one per centum for extending the county levy.

What is Such Evidence Worth.

The evidence in the trial of John H. Surratt, being voluminous, we have not read it onsecutively, but glancing our eve over some of it the other day, we found that Surratt's presence in Washington city, on the day of the assasination, was proven by Cleaver, a horse doctor, E. L. Smoot and John Lee. The evidence discloses who these worthies

Horse doctor Cleaver was recently convicted in Washington, of man-slaughter, for causing the death of a little girl by outraging E. L. Smoot said he was offered money by.

Robey "to do wat was right." witness to allow such a liberty.] John Lee was one of Baker's det [Terribly significant of itself.] But he tangled himself, by testifying that he "overtook and passed" Surratt in Pennsylvania Avenue, on the 14th of April, '65, and in the cross-examination stated "that Surratt was going

eastward and he westward. Surely such evidence will not be accepted for more than it is worth.

THE DRINKER'S WOOD MURDER.

In defence of Phillips, MARMADUKE JOHNSON, Esq. ne of his counsel, made the following appeal -I shall not impose upon your honor a prolix detail of the matters so ably presented by my associate, but will only submit the enquiry. Did the prisoner at the bar kill the parson found and described to propound the enquiry. Did the prisoner at the bar kill that woman? Was he directly or indirectly the author of the homicide? That she was killed is believed; that she was killed by somebody a neces-sity, but where is the testimony that he killed her? believed; that she was killed by somebody a necessity, but where is the testimony that he killed her? You have before you a young gentleman with whose parentage, as ociation, birth and breeding you are familiar, and with a character, as the witnesses for the Uommonwealth have shown, untarnished by a solitary stain open his history or life up to the time of this accusation. This is no occasion for ornamental language, no time to decorate facts; the stake at hazard is too serious for embellishment. All that I desire is a conference for a few moments lace to face with you -I, as an humble lawyer, you as a respected judge. You have, as I already, said, before you, a gentleman by birth, education, practice, and a reputation as unsulfied as any gentleman here, and I am sure my friend (Mr. Young.) will unde with me, when I say the community should, its cautious in arriving at sudden conclusions in regard to his goilt? Instead of jumping at conclusions without rhyme or reason, they should reflect that the prisoner is a gentleman tree from stain, and they should pause and think of the precipice in which they propose to engulph him, and reflect whether the laws of the land require his detention in prison or his conviction. I he Jefferson-Club of this town, and the Valev Club of Harper's Ferry, which was announced for last Saturday, did not come off quire his detention in prison or his conviction. I stand here and declare that after fourteen hours' interview with this man, and as I expect to be judged before the Great Tribunal when the trump shall sound on the resurrection morn, I declare now hefo e Almighty God that, according to any principle of law or justice, my client stands before you innecent, and whether I be right or wrong in my judgment, If it does not emanate from an honest heart, I invoke the wrath of God this minute; I do not stand here for the idle and ridiculous purpose of doing what the law does not require—proving the innocence of my chient; for circumstances must be singularly combined to enable any man to prove his innocence. His guilt must be proven and beyond all rational doubt. And now in the single inquiry to which I shall direct your attention, "Is be guilty?" I wish to invite your attention, to the inqui y to which I shall direct your attention, "Is he guilty?" I wish to invite your attention to the principle by which you should be guided in determining the facts. It is true, common sense should be the arbiter of all difficulties; but all do not use it judiciously. It is with mingled teelings of sad ness and p easure that I stand here and see a vast concourse collected, when I know that from 1861 to 1865, he was engaged in the protection of the fire-sides of that sex one of whom he is charged with mordering. I know that in the regiment of that gallant Col Chambers, who fell near Peterst mg, he was the banner bearer, and it is with more pleasure than the dollars I get can give, that I say he bore than the dollars I get can give, that I say he bore the colors not to murder, but to protect the beauty, the innocence and the loveliness of the land. I stand here with an abiding confidence that with a character so honorable in its birth, so respectable in I fe, I shall not in vain ask your Honor to discharge him, and now, as your I fe has hitherto exemplified, to show that your shoulders are broad enough; your back-bone strong enough, to take-the responsibility to carry out the ends of justice. Chief-Justice Marshall, the light of the bench, was, after the trial of Aaron Burr, the subject of momentary reproach; but the time came when it was the brightest jevel in his judicial coronet. Warren Hastings, although arraigned by Burke and Sheridan, and the most brilliant array of legal talent ever known. the most brilliant array of legal talent ever known, lived to see the day when, on entering the British Parliament, the members of the House of Lords rose to give him welcome. And, sir, I say to you tion of the importance I should attach to my decla-rations, that I believe this man entitled to a dis-

> Further on in his remarks before the justice, Mr. There must be reasonable cause to believe that his client killed the deceased or he must be discharged, and there was no more cause to believe that he killed her than that he killed your Honor. He was not tried for his marriage, nor its conecal-meant, nor for the suggestio fulsi, nor the suppressio meant, nor for the suggestio false, nor the suppressio veri; nor for a lie, nor for before or after his marriage—conduct which I do not vindicate. It was possible that a man in the bloom of his manhood might form a conrection which he was unwilling to confess to his friends, although there was no doubt that the family into which he wedd d was worthy of the association and composed of gentlemen and ladies. But do not allow this to divert your mind from the issue before you, which is not

charge by every principle of law and justice, and believe you will live to see not only the humanity of your heart, but the correctness of your decision,

proven by the lapse of time.

your mind from the issue before you, which is not whether he told stories, wrote letters containing untruths, not for concealing his marriage for reasons good or bad, whether learful of incursing the displeasure of his father or the mortification of his mother, he concealed it from his relatives and friends. The question is, "Did-he kill the woman?" I am not easily received; I have had protracted interviews with the accused; asked hosts of questions and (atthough if I held an opposite opinion! would not say so) as I stand here before you and look across the river at the hills which first met my across the river at the hills which first met my youthful tyes, I swear I believe him innocent.

Where is the evidence of his guitt? He came to Richmond, February 16th, stopped at the Virginia House, and left after dinner on the 17th with the lady—whom, for the sake of argument, I will call his wife, and for whom my heart is as much stirred as those of her sister and brother. She was not seen since they were seen together nearly opposite the Powhatan Hotel. Where was he after that time? Where was she from that hour? My friend with Powhatan Hotel. Where was he after that time? Where was she from that hour? My friend, with an uncommon departure from that judgment for which he is so distinguished, says, "Let him produce his wife." Is the prisoner responsible for his wife? Where is she? Who has to prove where she is? If he knew this minute he would not be required to show. He was charged with the crime of her death. The Commonwealth must show that she died. Is she in her grave? Grant it. Is she the unfortunate lady who was found on Drinker's the infortunate lady who was found on Drinker's farm? Gram it. Is see the ill-starred and unhappy lady exhumed and brought here for inspection? lady exhumed and brought here for inspection?—
For the sake of argument grant it. He is charged
with her murder, and if he be guilty, I stand here
and say that he ought not only to be hung, but be
tied to a stake and burned. Yes, sir, (turning to
the prisoner and placing his hand on Phillips's
heady) I say to you, with my hand on your head,
that if you are the murderer of that woman you
should suffer everything known to hunan cruelty.

Mr Young said the argument of the counsel for Mr Young said the argument of the counsel for the defence had practically narrowed the case to its true issue. The facts preceding and attending the marriage, the visit to Richmond, the discovery of the body and its identity with that of Mrs. Phillips (who was last seen with the prisoner,) were practically conceded, and, the counsel, like skirn ishers on an out post, had finally been driven to the entrenchments for the final struggle. We have given you the facts that this man married this woman, brought her to Richmond on the 16th of February last, and that after the 17th, she was seen no more until fier murdered corpse was found in Drinker's woods. The question then for you to decide "Is he the murderer?" You must try the case on all the evidence before you. Absolute occular demonstration is not necessary to prove the perpetration of a crime which is sometimes proved as conclusively by circumstances as by eye-witnesses. This was a fact conceled by all the law books. If we are to want for eye witnesses to every crime, burglary, arson, murder, all secret crimes would set law at defiance, and every criminal would stalk through the land untouched and unscathed.

The counsel for the delenge act as if this were a final trial instead of a preliminary examination; but it is were, I should feel it my bounden duty to press him, as I now press your Honor; to send him on. No unprejudiced mind after hearing the evi-dence add ured, (no matter what the previous character of the accused,) could frame a hypothesis consistent with his innecence.

The accused married a lady, brought her to Richmond, where she is last seen alive with him, but who is soon afterwards found murdered in the

The counsel for the prosecution, Mr. Young, from

Henrico, submitted the following remarks before the

who is soon afterwards found murdered in the woods near the spot where he said he was going to take her, a spot lamiliar to him, and affording him opportunities (even granting all that was claimed by the defence) for doing the deed on different days and nights. All her clothes not on her person were found in her trunk in his possession, and letters containing minute descriptions of her sayings and doings; were written by him, when, if he did not know she was dead, he did not know that she was living. His conduct from beginning to end was secret, mysterious and false. What are the presumncret, mysterious and talse. What are the presump-tions? You must draw rational conclusions from

his conduct?

Mr. Young then read from Wells in regard to the license which was to be given to explanations by a party accused, and the suspicion which must attach to persons refusing to explain suspicious cir cumstances, and that where a party can and will not explain facts, circumstances otherwise inclusion explain facts, circumstances otherwise inclusions.

We are softly told that there are mysteries connected with the case, (this being the delicate phrase adopted by his counsel) that deceived his parents, his friends and every body else and did very wrongs, but that this did not prove the murder. It was true that no one fact or circumstance could prove it, but each was a link in the chain of concurring circumstances, which powerless when separated, would when united fetter a giant. We ar led to believe that he commiss the monstrustry of deserving his wife in the space of half an hour, and, leaving her on the streets or somewhere else, nosts off to the HILLIPS, charged with the murder of his wife, whose body was found in Drinker's Woods, near her on the streets or somewhere else, posts off to the courtry, that she a stranger, deserted by her hus-

and, appealed to no one in this great city for the belter which was due from him, and that some shelter which was due from him, and that some fiendish spirit, some other agent seized her, bore her down to Drinker's farm and there murdered her. Is this a hpyothesis on which to base an acquiral? There was nothing upon her to tempt the cupidity of any one. Does it not tegger credulity when such a run-mad theory is brought forward for a defence? The albit which had been attempted to be proven lacks something; it wanted the ring Why does he not show where he carried her?-

It would be better for him to acknowledge, in this his hous of peril, that he carried her to a house of ill-fame and left her there. Anything but this dogged silence. If she had gone from him or he from her, how could he write to her family and narrate their movemen's in Richmond, at Dorsett's farm and elsewhere? If she had left him he would have old it. If he had deserted her he would con in the peril which envisoned him. If, he can ex-plain his conduct he can hers with one tithe of the plan his conduct necessaries with one inhere the trouble expended in an attempt to prove an abb; but, sir, I solemely believe that he would have told a tale which would have made this assemblage pale with horror. Sir, he is chained to the death of that won an, and he may cry, "who can deliver me from the body of this death?" Nothing but an explanation can save him from righteous condemnation. If he does not account for what he can so easily do all the alibis, which can be accumulated car save him. They prove some foulness towards his wi'e. How can such a thing be consistent with any fair, honest purpose towards her? One momentwith her on the street, and in the next leave

her on the street to chance or charity?
If he did not kill her then, he deluded her into ome place and alterwards murlered her. If he had led her on the street, would she not have returned to the Virginia House, invoke the materna by letter that she was descried? The attempt of prove an alibi added on thousand fold to the charge, and would precipitate him into the abysis which awaited him; for there was nothing in the alibirto rebut or destroy the inevitable in erence to be drawn from his conduct, or to break the links in the chain of circumstances which so militated

The conduct, the deceit, the dissimilation of the risoner shows that he was never with his wife he had any motives for concealing his marriage from his parants what reason has he for concealing from her relatives the tare of his wife? I can find no hypothesis consistent with his innocence, no was any produced by the able and ingenious counsel for the other side.

Mr. Johnson couldn't see how the prisoner was compelled to account for his wife. If he par ed with her on the street he could not account for the wheaeabou's of a woman he wasn't with. The burden of proof resident the Commonwealth.

Mr. Young-We now hear for the first time that they did separate. What evidence coming from the prisoner has estified to this? Mr. Johnson-Put bim on the stand and he'l

testity. I warned him not to answer any ques-Mr. Young-Well-timed :advice, doubtless; bu would that able counsel bave advised stience had it not been his only safety? There would have been at least a theory, if one could have been put out with salety. It separated, why? Were they not together? Was she not leaning on him? Was she not his wife? Are we to be told that going not hold water. My friend is wise to throw himself on any doubt, but he must take the cousequences. No matter whether or not the prisoner spent the evening with Batterman, he returned to his wife. Is any man, in view of the uncertain and confused testimony of. Mr. Miles Phillips, sure that the accused spent the night of February 17th at his

is wife in the streets of a strange town, hied him to a comfertable bed, and set out the next day to he country? No, it would be a violation of the eternal principles of justice and truth implanted by God in every boson to credit such an improve ble supposition. Inope your Honor, in view of all the evidence, will send the prisoner on.

Justice Nettles-I shall send him on. Mr. Thomas-Will you take bail, sir? We can Mr. Young-It he could give ten million dollars er, (as we have already stated) was sent on to the Fxamining Court, the witnesses being recognized to

A Letter from Governor Vance.

appear on Tuesday next

Governor Vance, of North Carolina, being invited by the colored people of his neighborhood to address them, (which he is, from business engagements, unable to-do) writes them a kind letter, from which we make the following extract:

"Frankly confess, that I did not hope greatly to profiit you, had I been able to speak to you in person. Such industrious efforts have been made to make you think ill of those who were lately your masters and to cause you to regard with distrust everything which they might do or say, that I had little hope of making you believe in either my sincerity or good will. With honorable exceptions the great mass of your people are becoming widely estranged from their former owners. and it is now hardly possible for us to prevent it, melancholy as it is. Time will, however, soon show you where your true interests

are. Your good sense will soon enable you to see that neither your distant Northern friends, nor their disreputable camp followers. among the Southern whites who are so zealous n your behalf now, can be of as much value to you as the true and consistent men of the South, with whom you were born and raised. However many friends a man may have

abroad, he is ill at ease if his neighbor is his enemy. "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as hyself," is not only a divine command, but is full of worldly wisdom. If you wanta kinds ness, you don't go to Massachusetts for it, but to your neighbor; if you want employment, you don't go to ranting politicians - you go to your neighbor: in short, in sickness or in health, in prosperity or adversity, in joy or sorrow, we are dependent for more than baif of that, which renders life endurable upon our neighbors. Your neighbor and your employers are those against whom they are now. seeking to array you, and I greatly fear they will succeed at first. Your old masters do not come to you eating their own words, and giving the lie to every profession of their ives; not do they come betraying the rights and liberties of their own color to ingratiate hemselves with yours. Many others do. however, and the majority of your people will believe them, until they learn a very plain and simple truth; that a bad man among the whites will be just as bad, or worse among the blacks: and the change of sides is far from making an honest man of a hypocrite and a trickster."

-Secretary Seward has received two-intoria and the other from the Emperor Napoleon, asking that the United States Government will endeavor to secure from the Mexican authorities the concession of the life of Maximilian. This request has been communicated to Juarez, but no formal demand has been made that Maximilian's life be squared.

The rapid decline in the price of breadstuff developes the fact that Western farmers were hoarding quite an amount of grain for a further rise. They got bitten, as they depended, and now old wheat is crowding the market in anticipation of the new crop

-The "Belle Grove" farm, formerly the property of Maj. Isaac Hite near Middletown, Frederick county, and containing 619 acres, was sold a few days ago by Mr. Wm. H. Beck, land agent, to an English gentleman, for the [From the Louisville (Ra.,) Journal. LOUISVILLE, June 16, 1867.

My Dear Friend - You desire me to write you my feelings and opinions under the exist-ing political condition of the country. Your friendship to me in the dark days of the late war, while we were politically enemies, gives you the right to command my services in any way that I can return your kinduess, and therefore I will comply with your request, and in as few words as possible express my present sen iments. I might cover the whole ground when I say that I heartily concur in the sentiments of Gen. James Longstreet; but Gen. Longstreet was a professional soldier, who fought like a hero, and surrendered like a brave knight who has been unhorsed, and he may not go far enough in his language to place himself right before the world; therefore, I, who was a civilian before the war, and only buckled on my sabre to contend for certain "rights," (as was the case with the armies on either side,) I can go further than General Leagstreet, for I have resumed my social

status and have not changed by occupation.

I tell you; then, plainly, that I never fought
the United States because I hated the United
States. I never fought the North because I hated the North. I did not desire to be iota freer than I was under the flag of the Union; but there was an abstract political principle of State rights and four thousand millions of dollars' worth of African slavesthat I thought could only be saved out of the Union. From the first hostile gun fired by John Brown at Harper's Ferry until the 5th day of June, 1865, when I surrendered my troops, I was a fair, square, and consistent enemy of abolitionism and those who fought their battles ; but when desolation came, and starvation and ruin stared our women and children in the face. I followed the example of my noble leaders-surrendered all palitical rights, and became one of a conquered but still proud people. Our war had been no "box's Our surrender was no farce. No politician had aught to do with the finale, and our proudest and noblest simply received a parole saying "he shall not be interfered with by the United States authorities as long as he observes this parole and the laws in force where he may reside." This, then, was our actual condition on July 1, 1865. In a short time a million of soldiers stacked their guns and resumed the peaceful pursuits of life. And in two short years we have taken giant strides in the march of improvement and reconstruction. We have not been asked to love the dominant party, nor to kiss the rod that smote us; but the victorious have the right to say, Shall we make the brave men our friends by c urtesy, or shall we make the cowards friends tarou_h fear ?" And they only have the right to make the laws, which we have simply the right to obey, or leave the country, or remain aliens in our own land. .

The proper policy for the victors to pursue .: is not my province to discuss, neither have I a right to complain; nor will I presume to advise. I can simply set my soldiers an exan ple of patience, industry, and enterprise; to build up our broken fortunes, and make the land bloom again in peace, confidence, and plenty; therefore I will accept all courtesies and favors that the laws may grant me, and a not let my individual likes or dislikes interfere with my duty to the country in which my children at least have an interest. I can naw-but repeat what I had occasion to write once before : "Apoligies for the past or promises for the future would indicate a want of confidence in my own integrity. . I have simply done what I conceived to be my duty, and I propose to do it now." - The Confederate Government wiped out State-rights the first year of its existence—a bloody war wiped out slavery, and wiped out the Confederacy; so they are obsolete ideas; and the plain question now presented is, "Will you accept citizenship under our terms, as contained in this law?" and I emphatically answer, Yes! Let, each and every white man in the South say, Abstract ideas or obsolete theories shall not govern me, for I will look facts in the face as ney exist, and make the best out of the future without moping over the past. It is not to be presumed the I shall be asked to compromise my honor, or be false to my friends, for I am compelled to obey the laws, and being an elector simply gives me an oppor-. tunity to make the laws more favorable"then will confidence be restored and plenty abound once more.

Yours, most respectfully, M. JEFF. THOMPSON.

- A Washington dispatch states that a umber of letters received from Radical members of Congress, say that they will come on to the July session on condition that the session shall not last over two or three weeks. They do not wish to proceed with the regular ousiness of Congress, but merely to fix definitely the reconstruction act It is evident elso from the tone of other letters received that an attempt will be made to have Speaker Colfax announce the con mottees immediately so as to be able to go right to work. This the President, and by others who are opposed to Secretary McCulloch's present financial policy, especially in respect to the present-system of National banks. Those who are in favor of a long session say if once a quorum is . obtained the session will be kept up long enough to settle definitely the question of

- Chief Justice Chase has delivered in the. United States Circuit Court, at Raleigh, N. C., a very important opinion, in which his associate, Justice Brooks, concurred, to the effect that the citizens of the Confederata. States, who paid debts due Northern citizens into the hands of Confederate receivers, are not thereby discharged from the debt. The result is that all such debts are now collectable and the parties who voluntarily paid, or who were forced to pay over to receivers, will have. their remedy at law against the receivers, who. are bound for the funds thus unlawfully ob-

- The Nashville papers contain an account, of an extensive fire which occurred in the nnessee Penitentiary, on Saturday. The wing of the building, in which were locatedhe agricultural implement and cedar works, to subdue the flames, and worked faithfully, not one attempting to escape. The loss is estimated at 100,000 which is partially govered ;

- The Surratt Trial is now in progress and promises to be a very tedious one. The evidence thus for elicited goes to show that Surratt was in Washington on the day of Mr.
Lincoln, assasination and was in conversation
with Booth in the neighborhood of the thealre. The testimony of more than one of the witnesses for the prosecution is however rather peculiar, to say the least, and the character of some of them will not bear a very rigid scru-

tiny.

—The Lynchburg Republican states that the machinists in the employ of the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad Company, who lately quit work because of the non payment of their wages, have resumed their usual employments. The company was fortunately enabled to pay off Saturday its outstanding dues, and the workmen, of course, had nothing forther to ask further to ask.

Mr. Drake says Stevens's presiding genius, in his household, is a mulatto woman, whom he seduced from her husband, a full-blooded

party in power. And what the South may expect at his hands-after all her humiliation. and abject kissing of the flagellating rodmay be learned by an attentive perusal of the question put by Mr. Drake, and the very emphatic response of Mr. Stevens, viz : "I here interrupted Mr. Stevens and asked

the following question: ... "Suppose, sir, Alabama should organize a government enfranchising the negro. providing for his education, and giving ample guarantees for his protection before the courts and in society, and under that government should send good men, who could take the 'Test Oath,' to Congress, would you admit her to representation?"

Without a moment's pause, he answered with strong emphasis, "No, sir," and thus closed the interview.',

- A bloody trugedy occurred in Wash ington on the 20th, at a house corner of 6th and K streets. A man named Heury Johnsoo, a wealthy butcher residing in Georgetown, has for some time suspected his wife . of infilelity. That afternoon he traced her her to the house above indicated, and bursting in o a ron suddenly, found her in bed in the arms of Thomas Smoot, a merchant of

CASE OF JOHNSON .- Henry Johnson, charged with the marder of Thoms Smoot, on Thursday last, was brought before Judge Wylie in Washington, yesterday, on a writ of habeas corpus, but after hearing all the of habeas corpus, but after hearing all the evidence in the case Judge Wylie declined in confidence Madame E. F. Thornton, P. O. Box te admit the accused to bail, and gave his 223. Hudson, N. Y. [March 26, 1867-19. reasons at length for so refusing.

The judge said that in a case where a man comes home to his house and finds his wife in er's life there is some palliation, and a court the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an absent without my consent, case. The prisoner knew that his wife mether paramour at the house on Sixth street, and he deliberately armed himself and went there and committed this act. There was too much coolness and deliberation in the case, and the judge therefore felt it to be his. duty to remand the prisaner. Johnson betrayed great emotion and shed tears,

- Mr. Lord, of New York, upon whose property the famous-Lord bond robbery was committed, on Monday received, from an unnown source, one million two hundred thousand dollars' worth of the bonds stolen from him. This leaves a deficit of only about ninety thousand dollars still missing.

-The registration lists thus far; in Lousiana, are said to show a total registry of 21, 829 whites and 49:822 blacks. It is believed that nearly every one of both colors entitled to register is taking advantage of it.

-The New York Evening Post says that the taxes in the State of New York the current year, will average \$27.50 for every man. woman or chill in the State; \$146 66 for every voter; \$275 for every landholder.

- The Piedmont Land Agency of Virginia, advertises one hundred and ninetyseven farms for sale. These farms contain 86,988 acres of land located in Piedmont and Southwestern Virginia. They embrace much the best land in this State, and are offered at sums that aggregate \$1,743,889.

- The once famous Lorenzo Dow, an itinerant preacher, an eccentric but good man, who died several years ago. in Georgetown, is buried in one of the cemeteries near that place.

-About sixty bushels of new wheat from South Carolina, were sold in Ba'timore on the 22d ult., at \$3.30 per bu hel. The crop in the South is reported as abundant.

MARRIED.

In the Presbyterian Church, Charlestown, on Wedne da morning. 26th ultimo, by Rev. A C. Hokins, Ar. G. BOYD HARLAN, of Berkeley county, to Miss MARGARETTA KEERL, of this town, daughter of the late Dr. Wan. Keerf.

In this place, on Wednesday morning, 26th ult., by Rev. A. C. Hopkins, Mr. GEORGE W. WELSH, to Miss ANNIE F. MYERS, daughter of Nathaniel

In Grace Church, Middleway, on Freeday morn-eg, 25th ultimo, Mr. S. F. WHITE, I rmerly of rederick county, Md., to Miss FANNIE L. MA-QUGHTRY, daughter of Dr. W. O. Macoughtry, I Middleway, Jefferson county.

On the 18th ult., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. W. G. Eggleston, GEORGE R. HENRY, senior proprietor of the Winchester News, and Miss A. LAWSON HUFF, daughter of Mr. Daniel Huff, of Frederick county. On the 20th ult, by Rev. W. Rusmisell, W. B. ABBOTT, of Frederick county and Miss C. VIR-GINIA, only daughter of Henry Kelster, of Shen-andoah county, Va.

On the 18th ult., in Winchester, by Rev. T W. Dosh, JACOB E BAKER and Miss MARY E. MILLER: daughter of Peter Miller, deceased.

On the 13th ult., by Rev. Samuel Rogers, Mr. GEO. H. HARPER, I. Miss DEWANNA HARPER

In Spickersville, on the 6th ult., by Rev. John Woolf, Mr. JOHN W. BARTON, and Miss MARTHA M. BECVERS, both of Clarke county, Va. In Spickersville, on the 6th ult.. by Rev. E. L. Kreglo, Mr. GEORGE W. GIBSON, to Mrs. ROSANNA OSBURN- all of Loudoun

On the 13th ult, at New Jerusalem Ev. Lutheran Ghurch, by Rev. X. J. Richardson, Mr. EDWARD S. WHITE, to Miss ELIZABETH S., daughter of Mr. Isaac Hough, deceased—all of Loudeun.

In Cumberland Md., on the 10th ult., Mr. W. ALBURTIS to Miss H. T. MENDENHALL both of Berkeley county.

On the 25th ult., at the residence of the bride's tather, by Rev. S. I. Miller, Mr. CHARLES D. STONEBURNER, Fereman of the Stantion Vindicator, to Miss BLANCHE L., daughter of Mr. John Trenary, of Staunton, Va.

DIED

In Wednesday marning, 26th ulf, in this place, after a protracted illness, Mrs. MAKGARFT-VOUNG, wile of Mr. Lewis F. Young, aged about On Friday evening, the 28th ult., in this place, UEEN BENNETT, infant daughter of E. R. and.: llic H rrell aged 10 months.

On Saturday morning, the 29th ult., at the residence of Mr. Thos J. Bragg, in this town, Mis NN ELIZA HOOE, in the 24th year of her age. On the 14th ult. at his residence in Clarke coun-of Paralysis, Mc-FRANCIS WHITING, in the At his residence in Shepherdslown, on Wedness or morning last, the 28th uit., Mr. JAMES SHEP.

At his residence in Shepherdslown, on Wedness or morning last, the 28th uit., Mr. JAMES SHEP.

Apr. 30.

HOPSKIRTS, from 60 cents up to \$2.00, at Apr. 30.

M. BEHREND'S.

TRUSSELL & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES. The advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow, sufferers the means of these To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the rescription used (free of charge;) with the directions for preparing the same, which they will find SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION; ASTHMA. BEONCHITIS COURS, COLDS; and all Throatand Lung affections.

negro, and with whom as has lived, for years, in open adulters.

It is not the private part of Mr. Stevens's character we want, but his political, for he is the recognized "head and shoulders" of the mail, will please address.

Colors, and all Throatand Lung affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the efflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address. REV. EDWARD A. WILSON; Williamsburg, Kings county, New York. May 14, 1867-1y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility. Premature Decay, and all the effects, of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferens wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can no so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, 12 Cedar street, N. York-May 14, 1867—19. May 14, 1867-1y.

EVERY BODY SHOULD USE ROHRER'S EXPECTORAL Wild Chenry Tonic,

FOR Diseases of the Chest, Liver, Kidneys, Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, Dyspepsia, Diarrhoa, Dysentery, Cholera-morbus, General Debility, &c., and As a Blood Purifier it has no Equal. A Sure Preventative and Cure of Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers. No Family should be without it. Sold by Druggists Dealers and Hotel Keepers everywhere.

J. ROHRER, Sole Proprietor, Lancaster, Pa.

03- AISQUITH & BRO., Druggists, Agents, Charlestown, Va. February 26, 1867-6m.

Know Thy Destiny.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychemetrician, who Alexandria. Va. Johnson drew a revolver bas astonished the scientific classes of the Old World and fired three shots, one ball passing through | bas now located herself at Liurson, N. Y. Madame Smoot's head, a second through his neck, and Smoot's head, a second through his neck, and the third through body. Smoot died in a greatest importance to the single or married of enter the minutes after receiving the wounds.—

the rece. While in a state of trance, she decineates the very features of the person you are to married. Johnson went immediately to the central guard house and surrendered to the police authorities. Smoot leaves a wife and six small children.

The sex. While in a state of trance, she defineates the very features of the perso you are to marry, and us the aid of an instrument of intense power and surrendered to the police authorities. Smoot leaves a wife and six small children.

This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified can assert. She will send when desired a certified can assert. tificate, or written guarantee that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair and stating place of birth, age, disposition

Wonderful but True. MADAME REMINGTON, the world-renowned Asadultery with another, if he take the adulter- trologist and Somnambulistic Clair voyant, while in could not refuse to admit him to bail; but instrument of intense power, known as the Psychothere was too much premediation about this instrument of intense power, known as the Psychothere was too much premediation about this like picture of the future husband or wife of the envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture by return mail, together with desired

information, AG-Address in confidence, Madams Gerthide Remington, P. O. Box 207, West Troy, N. Y. March 26, 1867-1y. A Young Lady returning to her ountry home, after a sojourn of a few months in

the city, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the UIRCASSIAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable a quisition, to any Lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Geuth man can improve their personal applearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet uncombination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be, clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price \$1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order by W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists, No. 3, West Fayette st., Syracuse, N. Y. The only American Agents for the sale of the same. March 26, 1867-1y.

Free to Everybody. A large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post paid, by return mail.

Address, P. O. Drawer, 21,

March 26, 1367-6m.

Troy, N. V.

March 26, 1867-6m. RELIGIOUS NOTICE:

The Rev Ww. G. EGGLESTON will preach at Porter's Factory, nonreventing Providence, on Sunday afternoon next, July 7th, at 32 o'clock. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CLAYMONT BOARDING SCHOOL THIS School is located at "Claymont," residence of the late Sushrod C. Washington, three miles from Charlestown, Jefferson county. The design of the Institution is to prepare youths for College or the practical business of life. The next session will commune September 1st, 1867.

REFERENCES. R. W. BAYLOR. R. B. WASHINGTON, REV. C. W. ANDREWS. TERMS.

For Boarders, per ses'n of 5 mos. in advance, \$147 For Day Scholars, " " " \$30 July 2, 1867-tSJ. J. S. BLACKBURN.

BRICK FOR SALE. WE havef r sale, on the Farm of Henry B. Dav-Vi caport, within a short distance of the corporate limits of Charlestown, ONE HUNDRED AND

TEN THOUSAND BRICK, just burned. We are pre ared to sell them either at the kiln or delivered in Charlestown.

BENRY B. DA VENPORT,

RICHARD A. HESSEY. July 1, 1867-3t. [Free Press.] NOTICE.

THOSE indebted to the late firm of G. W. Leis-onring & Son, at Rippon, Leisenring, Son & Co., at Charlesowu, and Leisenring & Son, at Har-per's Ferry, will please make payment at once to the undersigned, Trustees, and save casts. WM. H TRAVERS.

BENJ. F. LEISENRING July 2, 1867-2t. BORDEAUX Oil, fresh and genuine, for sale by July 2. KEARSLEY & SHEERER. ARD OIL, for sale by July 2. KEARSLEY & SHEERER.

SAWS. -50, 52 and 54 inch Circular Saws, war-ranted at less than Bultimore prices July 2, 1867. D. HUMPHREYS & CO. CHAINS.—Trace, Breast, Halter, Bearing, Stay,
J Fifth, Spread and Log Chains, for sale, with
warrant, by
D. HUMPHREYS & CO.
July 2, 1867. On the 16th ult., by Rev. J. Summers, Mr. WM.
F. HOTTLE, of Sher andown county, to Miss HAT.
THE J. COOPER, daughter of Mr. Henry Cooper, of Frederick county, va.

Warrant, by
July 2, 1867.

KETTLES.—Bell-Metal, Porcelain and Brass
Kettles, for sale by

K. Kettles, for sale by July 2, 1867. D. HUMPHREYS & CO. PORKS -Pitch, Hay and Manure Forks, of su-July 2, 1867. HUMPHREYS & CO. MACHINE OLL, for sale by D. HUMPHREYS & CO.

CHAMPION Clothes Wringers, for sale by July 2, 1867. D. HUMPHREYS & CO. ENGITSH Waldron Grass Scythes, for sale by July 2, 1867. B. HUMPHREYS & CO. A MONTH: - AGENTS wanted for size of the continuous articles just out. Address G. T. GAR, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. June 1866.—1y.

FRESH Chesapeake Oysters, for sale by TRUSSELL & CO. K EROSENE OJL. - A superior Kerosene Oil for TRUSSELL & CO. sale by ARD for sale by TRUSSELL & CO.

HOOPSKIRTS, from 60 cents up to \$2 00, at Apr 30. M. BEHREND'S.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE. OF EDWARD LUCAS, DEC'D, In Jefferson County, West Va.

海拔及1000年年中,中年1000年末时

IN obedience to a decree of the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, West Virginia, pronounced at its April term 1867, in a suit to chancery therein depending, in which Robert Rion Lucss and others are Plaintiffs, and Robert Lucas, Administrator of Edward Lucas, deceased, is Defendant, we the ondersigned, special commissioners therein appointed, will offer at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, in front of Yantis' store at Harper's Ferry, at 2 d'élock, On MONDAY, the 29th day of JULY, 1867, Valuable TRACT OF LAND, containing about 269 1.4 Acres.

known as the "PHILIP COONSTRACT," or "Mountain Retreat," situated East of the Shenandoah River, in the county of Jefferson, about 2 miles from Harper's Ferry.

The Improvements consist of two comfortable LOG TENEMENTS, Good Water, and FINE CONCHARD. This location is admirably adapted to the growth of Fruit of all descriptions, especially Grapes and Peaches. Indeed it is one of the finest fruit farms in this whole section, and is convenient to market. convenient to market.

TERMS OF SALE. One-third Cash 'The residue in two equal annual payments, purchaser giving bonds, bearing interest from day of sale, with approved personal security.

Title withheld until the further order of the Court, S. HOWELL BROWN.

June 25, 1867 -t.ls. Free Press and Lancaster Intelligencer copy till

TO REAL ESTATE OWNERS 1 A LL persons in Virginia having Real Fstato-such as FARMS, MILLS, FACTORIES, FOWN PROPERTIES and TIMBER LANDS—that they wish to sell, are advised to advertise the same, first, in their own local journals, and next, in the HA-GERSTOWN MAIL, a newspaper that

CIRCULATES 2,500 COPIES WEEKLY, published at Hagerstown, Md., by Dechert & Wason. The tire of emigration is now rolling on to Virginia—our Maryland and Penesylvania is rivers are selling off their farms at high prices and seeking new homes in our sister State. Those who emigrate, are as a general thing, men of missie and means, and will aid materially in developing the great outural wealth of "the mother of States."—We are publishing the Materially in developing the year at which to advertise land. It is very popular as a Real Estate Advertising medium, its pages frequently containing from three to six columns of this class of advertising. We have numerous orders for the paper from time to time, from persons in Maryland and at a distance, who merely desire it on account of its Land advertising. cublished at Hagerstown, Md., by DECHERT & WAdesire it on account of its Land advertising. Our terms are moderate, and we will take pleasure in answering all letters of enquiry.

33- Advertisemen's can be sent to us through the editor of the 'Spirit," or direct, as the parties may

prefer. Address, DECHERT & WASON, Publishers "Mail, Hagerstown, Md. June 25, 1867-2m.

NOTICE. EFT my home, in Warren county, near Front Royal, about five weeks ago, my son, FRANK CARTER, who s about 14 years old, near five feet in beight, and of a dark color. He is a sprightly box, with a round face, and a pretty quick talker. Any information which will lead to his recovery will be gladly received by his father, who needs his services at home. Parties are cautioned against harboring the said boy, as he left home and is now, 17 Any information concerning him may be left at the Barber Shop in Charlestown

WILLIAM CARTER, June 25, 1867-3t. FRESH MEAT,

THE undersigned are associated together in the A Butchering business, and propose to supply the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity regularly with CHOICE FRESH MEATS

in season- such as Mutton, Lamb. Veal and Bee We shall endeaver to furnish only (HOICE MEATS, slaughtered and dressed in the most acceptable manuer, and at reasonable charges. We solicit the patronage of the community.

THOMAS JOHNSON,

June 25, 1867—3t. • CHAS. G. JOHNSON. STRAYED.

ROM the farm of the subscriber, about six weeks ago, a BLUE BOAR HOG twelve or lourteen months old. He is marked with blue and dark stripes running lengthways of his body—slit in the right, and crop of left ear. Any information which will lead to his recoviry will be thankfully received.

June 25, 1867 - 3t. CHARLES J. MANNING.

LIME FOR SALE.

I HAVE on hand Several Hundred Bushels of superior LIME, which I desire to sell.
H. B. DAVENPORT.

UST received a choice lot of Segars and Smoking June 25, 1867. CAMPBELL & MASON,

WOOL AND WOOLLEN GOODS.

THE undersigned are constantly manufacturing and have now on hand at "Porter's Lactory". a very large and complete stock of WOOLLEN GOODS,

such as Blankets, Flannels, Fulled and Plaid Linseys, Tweeds, Beaver Cloths, Goods for Boys' Wear, Coverlet's and in fact, everything pertaining to a well appointed establishment, to which they invite the attention of Wool Growers, or any others in want of service ble goods.

Persons from a distance need have no fear of being unable to procure such goods as they need from us this year, as our stock is adequate to any demand that may be made upon it, and upon mod-

rate terms. 85-Address, Rippon P O. Jefferson county, Va. TIMBERLAKE, YOUNG & CO. June 4, 1867-3m* Free Press, Clarke Journal and Lecsburg Washngtonian copy 3 months.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO FARMERS. I MMEDIATELY after Harvest I will again have in operation my Superior Threshers and S parators. I am fully equipped with IMPROVED MACHINES, &c., and will leave no effort undone I am authorized to reter to the following promiuent farmers of this County :

Col. R. W. Baylor, C. J. Manning, Harrison Anderson, Thomas Lock, B. W. Cooke Letters addressed to me at Charlestown, or orders eft at my father's residence at "Claymont," wieceive attention.

J. HENRY NOLAND. April 16, 1867-4m.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. INTENDING to publish a new DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULAR about the 1st of JULY, which we will scatter broadcast over Maryland, Bennsylvania, and the more Northern States, we respectfully ask all persons wishing to avail themselves of the benefits of our agency, to send or hand us a description of their LANDS, &c., by the 25th of this month. Every affort will be made to obtain purchasers for all properties on our books.

BROWN & ENGLE,

June 13, 1867 Real Estate Agents. NTENDING to publish a new DESCRIPTIVE

E. C. RANDOLPH & CO., REAL ESTATE BROKERS. OFFICES : Public : quare, Charlottesville, No. 193, Church st., Lynchburg, VIRGINIA.

HAVE for sale FARMS of all sizes and prices in Madison. Greene, Orange, Culpepper, Louisa, Albemarle, Goochland, Fluvanna, Buckingham, Appointtox, Nelson, Amherst, Campbell, Bedlord, Botetourt, llockbridge, Frankin, Floyd, Carroll, Montgoinery, Pulaski, Russell, Greenbricr, and Washington counties. MT HENRY D. BEALL, of the Wincheste

Loaf. Refined and Brown Sugars. Coffee of all qualities, fine and coarse Sait, Molasses, and the celebrated New York Golden Drip Syrup, very heavy and of fine flavor, for sale by April 30. KEARSLEY & SHEERER. HAY and Harvest Rakes, Grass and Grain Scythes, Grass Snathes, Rifles and Whet Stones for sale in D. HUMPHREYS & CO. CANTON Matting, for sale by Apr 30, KEARSLEY & SHEERER. ADTES GLOVE GALE BOOTS for sale by TRUSSELL & CO. M ASONIC - A few fine Masonic Breast Pins, fo MACCARONI, Cheese and Crackers, for sale | KEARSLEY & SHEERER. BLUE, Brown and Green Berages for Veils at Apr. 30. M. BEHREND'S. ADIES', Misses' and Children's Hose; also, a large assortment of Gloves, at April 30.

M. BEHREND'S.

A LL Colors of Braiding, Braid and Workin M. BEHREND'S.

AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE.

RANSON & DUKE. HAWKS' COACH FACTOR BUILDING. CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON CO. TAVE in Store and for Sale Geiser's Pat. Threshing Machine.

McCormick's Reaper and Mower, Self-Operating Hay & Grain Horse Rakes, CORN CULTIVATORS, GRAIN CRADLES (GOOD ABTICLE AT \$5.)

EXTRA HEAVY SNATHES, ENGLISH & AMERICAN GRAIN SCYTHES, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN GRASS SCYTHES, WHET STONES AND RIFLES.

20 DOZEN HARVEST RAKES, (BEST IN MARKET.) CISTERN PUMPS, (ALL KINDS,) HYDRAULIC CEMENT,

HAND GARDEN PLOWS. HORSE FORKS (FOR UNLOADING HAY,) CHAS. J. FAULKNER. CHURNS OF ALL KINDS, FULL STOCK OF EXTRAS FOR MCCOR-

MICK'S AND PAGE'S REAPERS. HORSE SHOES AND HORSE SHOE NAILS, PRACE, BREAST, HALTER & OTHER CHAINS, H. M. BAKER'S WHEAT FAN, (WARRANTED.) JOHN'S IMPROVED PRESERVATIVE PAINT, for Metal Roots, Iron Railing, Agricultural Tools, &c. A single coat forming a body equal to three coats of ordinary paint. The best and cheapest paint in use.

June 18. 1867.

NEW STORE AND NEW STOCK, "OLD VALLEY BANK," CHARLESTOWN.

THE subscriber bas just opened at the well-known store-room opposite the old "Valley Bank," a new and carefully selected STOCK OF GOODS. which it is his purpose to sell on the most reasonable terms. He respectfully solicits a call, as his desire is to furnish the best article the market can desire is to furnish the best article the market can produce, and at a profit only as Low pown as the LOWEST! His supply will be increased from time to time as the wants of the public may require, or the demands of his customers suggest, as his arrangements are ample to the supply of any and every article in his line, at a short notice, and on as good terms as can be procured elsewhere in the county. Among the present stock on hand may be found—GROCERIES, of all kinds and descriptions; LIQUORS, consisting of Brandies, Wines, Whis kies, Gin, Porter, &c., warranted superior to any other stock in the county. Also, a cheaper, though very good article of "Harvest Whiskey," by the gallon, barrel or otherwise; by the gallon, barrel or otherwise;
WARE-a select assortment of Queens and Glass,
Wooden and Tin, Stone and Crockery Ware;
TOBACCO-for chewing, of cheap quality, as also
the very best brands Smoking Tobacco of all
descriptions; CANNED FRUITS, Oysters, Sardines, Spices Peppers. Vinegars, Mustarcs, Oils, Scotch Herrings, Cheese, Crackers, &c.;
CONFECTIONS, a general associment, as also fresh Lemons, Granges and Pire Apples;
FISH—all kinds in season, but for the present the real Potomac Herring, as cheap as they can be procured in the county.

cured in the county;
ALSO,-Ground Alum and Fine Salt. llaving a spacious warroom, he will make it a speciality to supply all articles of HOUSE-KEEPING FURNITURE. that the wants of the community may require, and those in need would do well to give him their orders before going elsewhere. At present on hand Cottage Bedsteads, Mattesses - Hair and Shuck; Matting, one and a half yards wide, and very cheap; Wall Paper, Window Binds, Waiters, Chairs of all descriptions, &c.

An examination of the stock on hand solicited.

JACOB B. BROWN, Agent.

May 21, 1867.

NEW GOODS. I AM now opening a Fresh supply of New Goods, embracing in part, a nice variety of Ladies' Dress Goods, Prints, Brown and Bleached Muslins, Ging-

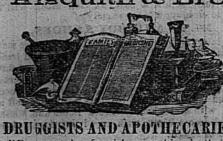
nams, Plaid Domestics, Cassimeres, Cottonades A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SHOES. for Men. Ludies. Boys and Misses; Gentlemen and Ladies' Fur. Wool and Straw Hals and Caps; a complete stock of Notions, Queensware, Tinware, Wooden, Earthen and Hardware; Carpeting, Oil Cloth and Matting; Patent Medicines, Drugs, Spices and E-sences; Varnish, Paints and Brushes, Spirits of Turpentine, Lansecd, Fish and Coal Oils; a ful stock of Groceries for Harvest-COFFEE.

CHOCOLATE, SUGARS,

SYRUPS Molasses, Rice Potomac Herring, &c., &c.
It is my purpose to keep my six k complete at all times, en bracing everything usually found in a country store, and to sell at short profils, giving my stomers the full benefit of the recent decline in ods. Any amounts: Wool wanted at the highmarket prices, in Cash and Trade. Country

(G-A large lot of Lumber on hand
(G-Thankful for past favors, I respectfully solicit
a continuance of the same
Duffield's, June 11, 1867.

J. S. MELVIN. Aisquith & Bro.



DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES, A RE prepared to furnish everything in their line upon the most lavorable terms . They have in store the largest and most complete stock of goods they have ever offered to the public. Their stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, Patent and Family Medicines, is endless in variety. They call the attention of Country Physicians to such articles as are used in their practice, feeling confident they can make it to their interest to buy from them instead of going to Battimore.

DRUGGISTS' FANCY GOODS. PERFUMERY, SOAPS, Preparations for Dyeing, Preserving and Dressing the Hair, Touth. Nail and Hair Brushes, Combs. Dressing, Fine, &c., is equal to that of any similar establishment in the Val cy.

Pre-criptions entrusted to them will be compounded with neatness and accuracy.

Persons wishing a supply of PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, Dyes, Varnishes, Colors and everything in the line of Painter's Materials, will find their stock large and as cheap as they can be sold anywhere.

A fine assortment of paper and envelopes for Ladies or office use. They are the wholesale Distributing Agents for the Morning Star Bitters Company for this and Clarke counties. Merchants wishing them by the Case can procure them at the Company's wholesale All the above mentioned goods they offer at low figures for CASH. No goods sold on credit.

Persons owing them will please come forward and settle. Customers will bear in mind that they do not do a credit business. When indulgence is given, accounts must be settled on the list of

June 18, 1867. SILK CLOAKS; JUST received at the Baltimore Price Store, and an intho Lower Shen-and and Walley. He will furnish Catalogues or any information on the subject.

March 19, 1767—tf.

JUST received at the Baltimore Price Store, large assertment of Silk Clorks.

June 18, 1867.

J GOLDSMITH. 3-4, 4-4, 5-4, 10-4, Bleached and Unbleached at the Baltimore Price Store.

A full line of Ginghams and American Plaids, just received at the Baltimore Price Store.

A full line of Table Linens and Tawelings, just received at the Baltimore Price Store.

A full line of Calicoss, Delanes and White Goods, just received at the Baltimore Price Store.

A full line of Dress Buitons, Hugle Trimmings, and Notions in general, just received at the Baltimore Price Store.

Silk and Gingham Sun Umbrellas, just received at the Baltimore Price Store.

Ready Made Clothing, Cassimeres and Cassinetts for Men and Bay's Wear, just received at the Baltimore Price Store.

Trunks of all descriptions, just received at the Baltimore Price Store.

Trunks of all descriptions, just received at the Baltimore Price Store.

June 18, 1867

RESH ARRIVAL ... Just received another lot of those celebrated American Eight Day and hirty Hour Clocks... all warranted for one year... all and see them. The stand L. DINKLE. FOR SALE, at the Baltimore Price Store, two large Wagon or Machine Canvas Covers.

June 18, 1867.

H. L. HEISKELL.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. JAMES A. L. MC'CLURE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. No. 40, St. Paul Street. Baltimore, PRACTICES in the State and United States Courts and pays particular attention to the prosecuton of claims against the General Government.

January 2d 1066-tf.

EDWARD E. COOKE.] ANDREW E. BENNEDY LAW CARD. COOKE & KENNEDY. WILL attend to office business in Jefferson, and will practice regularly in the Courts of Clarke and Frederick, and in any other of the adjacent counties where the test oath is not required.

OFFICE—In the Valley Bank Building.
Charlestown, May 1, 1866.

DR. WM. A. MC CORMICK.

Dentist, W.H.L.visit Charlestown, professionally, the second Mondy, and remain till Saturday, of June, July, August, September, October, N. vember and December, April 23. 1867-tD.

DR. C. T. RICHARDSON. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

OFFICE-AT THE RESIDENCE OF MRS. A. M. FORREST, CHARLESTOWN. Special attention given to cases of OPERA-TIVE SURGERY.

DR. J. V. SIMMONS,

HAVING permanently located here, tenders his PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the citizens of ferson and adjoining counties in all operations taining to DENTAL SURGERY. After an experience of nearly ten years, he feels confident that he can please all who favor him by their patronage.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH, mounted upon English and American Rubber, in the very best manuer and guaranteed to give satisfaction. My TERMS SHALL BE MODERATE, and ma e known previous to operating if desired. He can be found, at all times during the day at his office in the CARTER HOUSE, Charles own, Va.
.... Unexceptionable references given when desired.

[July 24, 1866—1y.

PROFESSIONAL CARD. DR. CHARLES W. GOLDSBOROUGH, offers his professional services to the citizens in the vicinity of Summit Point, Jefferson county, Va.

His residence is at the farm lately owned by Gurdon, H. Pendleton, Esq.

May 7, 1867, 46

THE CLOSING EXERCISES OF THE

May 7, 1867-1f.

DUNBAR FEMALE SEMINARY, WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA, FOR 1866- 67.

A FTER the final examinations, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 23d, 24th and 25th, on the evening of the day last named, the Rev. Wm. Dent Hayson of Martinsburg, will-preach the Annual Sermon. On Thursday morning at 11 o'clock, Col. Wm Annual of Clarke county will deliver the Annual Address. The reading of reports and the Musical Soiree will occupy Thursday, evening. PHILIP WILLIAMS, President Board of Visitors, P. evening. June 18, 1867-F. P.

STEVENS HOUSE, 21, 23, 25 & 27, Broadway, New York, OPPOSITE BOWLING GREEN. ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

PHESTEVENSHOUSE is well and widely known I to the traveling public. The location is especially suitable to merchants and business men; it is in close proximity to the business part of the city—is on the highway of Southern and Western travel—and adjugant to all the principal Railroad and Steamboat depots.

The Stevens House has liberal accommodation or over 300 guests-it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the comfort and entertainment of its inmates. The rooms are pacious and well ventilated-provided with gas and water—the attendance is prompt and respectful—and the table is generously provided with every delicacy of the season—at moderate rates. The rooms having been refurnished and remodeled, we are enabled to offer extra facilities for the comfort, and pleasure of our Quests.

GEO. K. CHASE & CO.,

June 11. 1867-6m. FRANKLIN- INSURANCE COMPANY, OF WHEELING.

GAPITAL, \$150,000. DIRECTORS: T. H. Logan, J. S. Rhode, T. P. Shallcross, George Mendel, Samuel McClellan, J. H Hobbs. G. W Franzheim, James N. Vance. Alex. Laughlin,

THIS company now having been organize I four years, and in that time done a successful business, is still prepared to take risks at fair rates on Buildings of all kinds, Merchandise: Manufacturing Establishments, Furniture, Steamboats and Cargoes on the Western Rivers and Lakes. This company offers superior inducements to Farmers, whereby they can be inserted on Dwellings Forniture, Barns and contents, for three or five years at reduced rates.
This being a home institution, with the largest capital and surplus of any company, in the State and composed of some ninery four stockholders, most of whom are among our best business men, recommends itself to the favorable consideration of the insuring public, and solicits their patronage.

Applications for Insurance will receive prompt attention.

SAM'L McCLELLAN, President.
GEORGE MENDEL, Vice President.
C. M. CUEN, Special Agent. EDW M. AISQUITH, Agent. Charlestown. April 9, 1867-19. NEW HYMN BOOKS! WE have just received the new Psalms and Hymas, approved by the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the United States, at its meeting in Memphis, Tenn., Nov'r, 1866.

OFFICE :- No. 29, Monroe Street, Wheeling

CAMPBELL & MASON.

WANTED. TWENTY TO TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND

T BUSHELS OF CORN, for which the highest.

Cash price will be paid, to be delivered at the Old

Furnace, on the Potomac River. Farmers are invited to give me a call. My Post Office is Harper's

Ferry.

April 16, 1867-3m*

REAPERS AND MOWERS AT REDUCED PRICES. AT ANING secured the agency for the sale of the celebrated Excelsion Reaper & Mower, which for neatness, compactness, durability and quality of work, we defy competition, these machines will be sold with a guarantee to do what we represent them. Callatour Machine Shop and see one, and judge for yourselves.

OG- To secure a machine orders must be sent in early, as the supply is limited.

WEIRICK & WELLER.

Charlestown, June 4, 1867:

Charlestown, June 4, 1867: FOR SALE OR HIRE. A No. 1 DORSEY REAPER, in first rate order, will be sold low or hired to a responsible man to cut his crop, We will give him the choice to pay for the machine or the hire at the end of harvest."

WEIRICK & WELLER. June 18, 1867-F. P.

NEW ARRIVAL! A T the "Valley Confectionary." Oranges, Len ous Candies, Raisins, and Nuts of all kinds: June 4, 1867. HENRY DUMM. PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to the first of Grady & Co., will please make payment. We think we have been quite liberal in ex-

SPECIAL NOTICE. OUR Accounts to the 1st of May are ready; all persons indebred to us will please come for ward and settle.

Also UITH 5 BROT WE TAKE

CTENUINE 50 ct Notes with Ladies' heads on goods. TRUSSELL & CO. June 4, 1867. DRESS GOODS.

I AM in receipt of agessurfmedt of handsome
DRESS GOODS, and respectfully solicit an inspection by the Public.

June 18, 1867.

H. L. HEISKELL. JUST received a supply of Bidwell's Coul Off Axio J. Grease for Carriages, Wagons, co., warranted the best in use.

H. L. HEISKELL.

H. L. HEISKELL.

[WM. M. SNYDER.] SNYDER & LINK. DUFFIELDS. JEFFERSON COUNTY, WEST VA., WILL keep on hand and order all kinds of AG-RICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, such as

REAPERS, MOWERS, DRILLS, HORSE RAKES, HAY HOISTERS,

CORN SHELLERS, HAY, STRAW
AND FODDER CUTTERS Ploughs, Harrows, Forks, Shovels, Hoes, Mowing Scythes, Grain Cradles, Hand Rakes, &c.
Will also furnish PLASTER, GUANOS, and all kinds of FERTILIZERS, SEEDS, &c. We would recommend for the harvest.

WOOD'S SELF-RAKE Reaper & Mover, either single or combined. This is a two horse Machine, and the only Self-Rake Reaper that has the advantage of the lever by which the driver can raise it over Stones or Stumps a foot high. While passing along the lever will be found a great advantage in taking up lodged Grain, as it will do it without regard to the manues in which it lays. It rakes a perfect sheaf, and has an entire side delivery, and by the univer pressing his foot on a treadle, the sheaf can be made any size desired.—The Mower Attachment only requires the Ground Wheels, Tongue, and Seat of the Reaper, and you have a perfect joint-har Mower.

The Samples can be seen at Duffields or Summit Point. Warranted to perform as recommended, or can be returned without charge. All orders will receive prompt attention.

May 14-1867-tf. LATEST FASHIONS DEMAND J. W. Bradley's Celebrated Patent DUPLEX ELLEPTIC (OR DOUBLE SPRING)

STORES THEY will not ann or mean like the Single Spring, but will preserve their PERFECT and GRACEFUL SHAPE when three or four ordinary SKIRTS WILL have been THROWN ASIDE AS USELESS.— The Hoops are covered with DOUBLE and TWISTED THREAD, and the BOTTOM RODS are not only double springs, but twice (or double) covered, preventing them from wearing out when dragging down stopps, stairs. NC.
The Wonderful Flexibility and great comfort and PLEASURE to any LABY wearing the DUPLEX ELLEPTIC SKIRT will be experienced pacheularly in all crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Rail

ROAD CARS, CHURCH PEWS, ARM CHAIRS, for PROMEN ADE AND HOUSE DRESS, AS the Skirtean be folded when in use, to occury a small place as easily and conveniently as a Silk or M slin Dass, an inval uable quality in crinoline, not found in any Single Spring Skirt.

A LADY having enjoyed the PLEASURE, COMPORT and great Convenience of wearing the Duplex Elleptic Steel Spring Skirt for a single day will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For CHILDREN, MISSES and YOUNG LADIES they are

For CHILDREN. Misses and Young Ladies they are superior to all others.

The Duplex Elleptic is a great favorite with all ladies, and is universally recommended by the FASHION MAGAZISES as the STANDARD SKIRT OF THE FASHIONABLE WORLD.

To enjoy the following inest hable advantages in Crinoline, viz: SUPERION QUALITY, PARFECT MANUFACTURE, STYLISH SHAPE and FINISH, PLEXIBILITY, PARFECT MANUFACTURE, STYLISH SHAPE and FORDARY, enquire for J. DURABILITY COMPORT and ECONOMY, enquire for J.
W. BRADLEY's DUPLEX ELLEPTIC, or Double Sp. In
Skirt, and be sure you get the genuine article.
CAUTION—To guard against imposition, be particular to notice that skirts offered as "DUPLEX,"

A GENTS wanted, ladies and gentlemen, in every County in the United States, to self the Ink Powders of the American Ink Company. The powder sells for forty cents per package, and will make ink enough to fill fifty bottles of the size usually retailed at ten cents per bottle. A smart agent can sell a gross of it a day, and clear \$27.60. The ink sell a gross of it a day, and clear \$27.40. The ink can be made from the powder in three minutes in common boiling water. It is a perfect black ink, the best in the world. It flows easily, does not corrode the pena particle, never gums up. is not injured by freezing, and its color will last forever. Every family in America will buy it, as a package will last a family for years, and ink can be made in small quantities as wanted. With each gross we send a thousand circulars, with testimonials from clergymen. lawyers, teachers, interchants, comsend a thousand circulars, with testimonials from clergymen, lawyers, teachers, nerchants, commercial colleges, editors, &c., and the agent's name on the bills. Only one person will be made agent for a county: The first one sending Thirty Dollars for a gross, will receive it by return express, together with one thousand circulars and the right to sell in the county he or she designates. If others send for the same county, the money will be resell in the county he or she designates. If others send for the same county, the money will be returned to them free of expense. To make sure one had letter designate several counties, either of which he or she will take. Send for trade list and circulars it you dare run the risk of waiting, or send the lars if you dare run the risk of waiting, or send the money for a gross. Letters addressed to the Mayor, Postmaster, cashiers of the banks, or the express agents of his city, will show that the business is honorably and squarely conducted. An Int Powder will be sent by mail to any address, free of charge, on receipt of forty cents.

Address, writing your name, town, county and State distinctly:

AMERICAN INK COMPANY, Manchester, N. H. THOMAS W. LANE, Clerk for the Company and Special Agent.
June 11, 1867.

The Ball Opened: CLEAR THE TRACK! NOW is the time to buy your goods from the un-dersigned, who has just received at his New

on, Va., a well se ected stock of GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONARIES,
DRUGS,
TOBACCO, SEGARS, PIPES, Snuff, Tinware, Hardware, Also, agent for the sale of Stonet raker's Medicines. Ladies' Morceco Boots, do. Calf, Men's Brogans, Boys' and Children's choes. Also a full line of NOTIONS of

every description.

OG- Call at the Cheap Store, Eign of the Red Flag,
North end of Rippon.

May 28, 1867.

May 28, 1867.

TO THE PUBLIC. TENDER my thanks to the public for the liberal I TENDER my thanks to the public for the liberal patronage I received during the last two years, while doing business for the firm of G. W. Leisenring & Co, and hope by contesy and accommadation to meet with a continuance of the same. I propose to sell as low as similar articles can be purchased elsewhere in this market, and to give full-satisfaction, both in quality and prices. I will also take in exchange for goods. Dried Fruit, Butter. Eggs. Rags, &c. The public are especially invited to all and examine my stock. No trouble to show goods.

to show goods. Respectfully yours,
M. B. FRYER. CALL AND BE SUPPLIED.

TUST received at the New Store in Rippon, No. 1
USyrup and Molasses, Prime Rio Coffee, Brown
Sugars, Crushed do., Gunpowder and Imperial
Teas, Kerosenes Gil, Rosin Soap, Dairy Salt, Candies, Pepper, Allspice, Baking Soda, Nutmegs,
Cloves, Indigo, Starch, Jugar and Water Crackers,
Mason's Blacking, Blacking Brushes, Lemons and
Oranges, Figs and Raisins, Fresh Oysters, Sardines, Lemon and Raspberry Syrups.

May 2, 1367.

M. B. FRYER.

I HAVE FOUND SOMETHING

AT HALLTOWN

W HAT is it? Nothing more or less than a BOOTS AND SHOES, good and cheap, may be obtained—such as GAI-TERS, FINE BOOTS, COARSE WORK, and work of all descriptions. NEW SHOES made out of old ones.

The subscriber does not think it necessary to say much, but he invites a call, well satisfied that he can please all who favor him with their work.

L. YINGER.

Halltown, May 21, 1867-1y. WANTED TO BUY, TONS of old Wrought and Cast Scrap Iron, for which 75 cents per cwit will be paid in CASH.

WEIRICK & WELLER.

Apr. 23, 1867.

POTOMAC HERRING AND SHAD.

NO I Family Herring, Shad and Shad Roe, by the barrel, a bold a bold or kit, just received and for sale by TRUSSELL & CO2.

May 25, 1867. ARCTIC SODA." OUR Fountain is now, and will be kept in opera-tion during the summer season, and those who wish to indulge in a glass of cold and sparkling Arctic Soda Water, are invited to give us a call.

May 14, 1867. CAMPBELL & MASON.

A HANDSOME assortment of Ladies' Dress Buttons and Dress Trimmings, at April 30.

M. BEHREND'S.

MECHANICAL.

DAVID H. COCKRILL. ARCHITECT AND BUILDER, CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON CO. Virginia.

FOR the very liberal patronage extended to me since my reloage from imprisonment at the Old Capitol," I tender my sincere thanks.

Having had an experience of years in the CARPANTER & HOUSE JULIAING BUSINESS, and now in command of a corps of competent workmen; and having on hand a supply of valua-ole building material, I am fully prepared to exe-cute all work e trusted to me, speedily, in the best manner, and to the entire satisfaction of all who oatronize me.

OF Particular attention given to the drawing of plans and specifications. November 13, 1866—f. DAVID H. COCKRILL.

JULIUS C. HOLMES. HOUSE CARPENTER AND BUILDER, NFORMS the citizens of Jefferson, Clarke, Frederick & Berkeley Countles, that he has opened a

CARPENTER AND JOINING SHOP, in Charlestown, and will attend to REPAIRING of HOUSES and will CONTRACT for BUILDINGS. All work will be done in the neatest and most workman like manner, and at a moderate rate. On hand, Lumber, Door Framer, Window Sash, &c. (sp. COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for work All who want their work done promptly and neatly, will find it to their advantage to give him a call. Shop adjoining the Blacksmith shop of Mr. Hirsm O'Bannon.

April 16, 1867—1f.

A NEW ENTERPRISE. SHOE-FINDINGS AND LEATHER.

BANTZ & WACHTER. AVE opened, in connection with their Tannery, a LEATHER & SHOE-FINDING STORE. At No. 61, West Patrick Street,

FREDERICK CITY, MARYLAND. where they will ke p on hand a general assortment of LEATHER and SHOE-FINDINGS, such as

Hemlock Sole Oak Sole,

Calf, Kip, Upper Sheep, French Calf,
Harness, Bridle, Skirting and Morocco;
Lanings, Binding, Lasts, Boot Trees,
Crimping Boards, Shoo Haramers and Knives.

Bristles, Thread, Tacks, Wax,

Bristles, Thread, Tacks, Wax, and in fact everything a shoe mn ufacturer may want in his business, which we will sell as cheap as can be bought in any city. Purchasen will do well to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

By They will also keep constantly on hand a foll supply of ever yvariety of Ladies' and Gertlem n's SHOE UPPERS, ready fitted for bottoming.

TERMS—CASH.

To persons from this section, our city presents the advantage of enabling them to visit us, make their purchases, and return the same day, giving them several hours in the city.

By HIDES bought at the Store, or at the Tannery at the end of West Church street. We will also receive HIDES in exchange for LEATHER, or any other material in our line.

BANTZ & WACHTER,

NO HUMBUG.

CAUTION—To guard against imposition, of particular to notice that skirts offered as "DUPLEX," have the red ink stamp, viz: "J. W Bradley's Duplex Bileptic-Steel Springs," upon the waistband mone others are genuine. Also notice that every Hoop will admit of a pin being passed through the centre thus revealing the two (of double) springs braided together therein, which is the secretof their plexially and strakners, and a combination not to be found in any other Skirt.

FOR SALE in all stores where FIRST CLASS skirts are sold, throughout the United States and elsewhere.

Manufactured by the sole owners of the Patent,

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,

97 Chambers, and 79 & SI Reade Sis,
New York.

June 4, 1867—3m.

WANTED. \$27.60 PER DAY,

"May 28, 1867.

WENTS OF THE WEST."

D. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
GENTLEMEN: —I desire to add my testimony to to that of others as to the merits of your
Washing Machine. I consider it first rate, and hink that every Family that can buy one should to so Respectfully,

BENJAMIN B. WELSH.

NOTICES. STILL ANOTHER CHANCE.

Box 147, Charlottesville, Va. March 19, 1867-6m. NOTICE.

THIS is to give notice that I have appointed JNO.

F. SMITH, as my Agent, with Power of Attorney to settle up the accounts of the estate of Henry Swimley, deceased, of which I am Administrator. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and pay the said estate will present them, duly manthenties ted, for settlement. JNO. W. SWIMLEY,

Administrator.

THE undersigned have entered into a Co Part-nership under the firm of STARRY & LOCK, for the purpose of conducting the Produce Com-mission and Forwarding Business at the Charles-

To the Farmers, Millers and Others of our watering THE last a simply COUNTIES OF JEFFERSON & CLARKE.

STARRY & LOCK. Charlestown Depot. Jan. 15, 1867. STILL THEY COME! MORE BEAUTIFUL AND BECOMING. F the Ladies will only call at Mrs. A. C. Mitch-ell's, they can be suited in the Summer Styles of BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS AND RIBBONS. Having just returned from Baltimore, we pledge ourselves to present to view the latest and most fashionable summer Styles. Call, Ladies; no trouble to show goods. Hais the order of Sun Umbrellas. Bonnets to suit all ages.

A. C. MITCHELL & CO.

FISH FOR SALE!

June 11, 1867. [F. P.]

TO THE GOOD PEOPLE OF JEFFERSON COUNTY. THE subscriber has of hand a very large stock of GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS, which is being

Look at This!

never surpassed, if equalled, in this town, all of which will be sold upon the mest accommodating terms. Farmers and Honse keepers, your attention is called to this supply. Come and consult your interests.

May 21, 1567.

W E are now manufacturing and have on hand for sale, a number of the celebrated GRIGGS.

PLOVS, which we recommend to the farming community. Call and get one on trial, and if it does not give entire satisfaction, return it.

April 23, 1867. WEIRICK & WELLER.

(BELOW BARTGIS' HOTEL,)

BANTZ & WACHTER, No. 61, West Patrick street, Frederick February 26, 1867—6m.*

"KING OF THE WEST." CHARLESTOWN, W. VA. April 26, 1867.

HAVE all the NEGATIVES I made in Charlestown, and will furnish PHOTOCRAPHS from them at 35 CENTS a piece. Orders sent by mail attended to premptly. Enclose the money by mail at my risk.

(G-Address me as follows

Mr. Smith is also my agent to collect all

Bonds and Accounts due me individually.

May 21, 1867—3m.*

J. W. S.

CO-PARTNERSHIP: J.D. STARRY. town Depot. Jan. 15, 1867.

HAVING associated ourselves in business for the purposes of the above Card, we will pay for Wheat, Fleur, Corn and all other kinds of Product, the highest market prices in Cash, or will receive and forward on Commission, making sales and returns in the shortest time.

STILL have, of the very best quality-safety 50,000 HERRING, Potomac Catch, I will warrant and defend them. JAMES McGRAW. Harper's Ferry, June 11, 1867-3t.

PAINTS OF ALL COLORS He keeps besides, from a Thunderholt to a Penny Whistle. Prices low, for Cash or Country Produce.

The style of business carried on here is the nogoging system, the proprietor believing honesty to be the best policy.

J. M. DEUAULNE.

Harper's Ferry, June 4, 1867-3m.

A Tibe old and well established STOVE AND TINWARE HOUSE of MILLER & SMITH, and Charlestown, the public will find a superb capert ment of STOVES, and a stock of

PLOUGHS! PLOUGHS! WHITE and Brown Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Rice, Chocolate &c. just received by June 4. D. HOWELL,

Billings' Philosophy

I want to bet three dollars that no man ever matched himself against the devil but what he Aim hi, if you strike low. The man who undertakes to jamp three hundred and seven-sy-five feet ahead will certainly make a good

I never knu a man who was alwas anxious tew repent of his sins before he had committed - them who didn't want the sharpest kind uv

I never bet early stamps on the man who is always telling what he would have did if he lord in a puzzled voice—"Do I feel for it?"

never get thare. Faith don't appear to me to be ennything more than tip-top good sence; and the faith that is in this world now won't keep a man from falling to the bottom of a well if he lets go of the curb to spit on his hands.

When I get to not having any good luck, it does seem to me that I kan have more of it than any man I ever knew, and not half try; I suppose it seems just so to you, my friend

I kant think of enny talent now that is so apt to descend from father to son untarnished as the gift of exaggeration.

- Cory O'Lanus has experienced an attack. of spring fever. He describes the symptoms as follows:

Did you ever catch the spring fever?

It has caught me slightly, and think of reporting myself to the board of Health as a case for quarantine.

If they would send me somewhere-for a week or two, where I would have nothing to do and no board to pay, I think I should feel

The symptons of spring fever are a vigor-ous inclination to do nething. You feel as though you could stand any quantity of repose.

The spring fever is a bad complaint when you haven't time to attend to it.

- A darkey preacher was telling how Adam was the first man created, and set up against the fence to dry. An older brother, who sometimes had lucid ideas, interrupted him and said. "If dat is true, who made de fence?" Pass round de sasser.

- "I cannot conceive, my dear, what's the matter with my watch; I think it must want cleaning,' exclaimed an indulgent husband to his better half, the other day. "No, pa,' said his petted little daughter, "I know it don't want cleaning, because baby and I washed it in the basin ever so long this morning."

- Formerly when negroes voted in New Jersey, a candidate sent to an old negro | to be called Sweet Innocence. Do you s'pose preacher two barrels of nice potatoes. Next | a sculptor would send for me for that purpose ineeting day he exhorted his hearers on the onless he know'd I was overflowing with induty of voting, and the difference between | nocence? Don't make a error about me." Whigs and Democrats. He told the story of "It is my opinion," said the leading female, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO. the receipt of the potatoes, and added : . "My Bredren, some tell you vote for de Whigs, some tell you vote for de Democrats; but I tell you vote where you git de taters !"

- An individual who was sent to jail for marrying two wives, excused himself by saying that when he had one she fought him, but when he had two they fought each other.

-"According to Milton, Eve kept silent in Eden to hear her husband talk," said a gentleman to a lady friend, and then added in a melancholy tone, "Alas! there have been no Eves since." "Because there have been no hurbands worth listening to," was the

- Josh Billings says there's nothing more touching in life than to see a poor but virtuous young man struggling with a moustache.

-Somebody advertises for agents to retail a work entitled "Hymenial Instructor." A cotemporary adds, "The best hymenial instructor we know of is a young widow. What she don't know there is no use learning.

- A negro preacher, while holding forth to the colored soldiers at Port Hudson, said : "De whole of God's relation to us am like de wheel. De Lord am de hub, de Christians am de spokes, and de tire am de grace of God bindin all togedder.".

- An irascible old gentleman was taken with sneezing in the cars lately. After sneezing in the most spasmodic manner eight times, he arrested the paroxysm for a moment and extricating his handkerchief, he thus addressed his nasal organ, indignantly saying, "O.go on, go on—you'll blow your infernal brains out presently!"

- "Sir," said an indignant husband to a restless friend, "you have abused my hospitali-ty, you have kicked me down stairs, and you have kissed my wife bofore my face. Beware, sir!- A few more such outrages, and by Jove, interested in a tract when his stummuck is you'll rouse the lion!"

- A coquette is a rose, from which every lover plucks a leaf-the thorns are left for the future husband.

A CENTRE SHOT .- Henry Ward Beecher, in a sermon delivered in Plymouth Church recently, produced the following picture:

Men seemed ashamed of labor, and often you will find men who have made themselves. respected by labor, have built up a business and amassed a fortune, who turn to their sons and say: "You shall never do as I did; you shall lead a different life; you shall be spared all this." Oh, these rich men's sons. They aim to lead a life of emasculated idleness and laziness. Like the polyp that floats useless and nasty upon the sea, all jelly, all flabby, no muscles, no bone-it shuts and opens, and opens and shuts, and sucks in and squirts out again, of no carthly account, influence, or use. Such are these poor fools.— Their parents toiled and grew strong, and built up their forms-of iron and bone; but denying this to their sons, they turn them upon the world boneless, muscleless, simple gristle, and soft at that."

A HINT TO Young Men .- Every young man has a life of usefulness before him, no matter what may be his calling—whether laborer, artizan, merchant, or professional devotee. Let him at all times remember that he has his mark to make, and let him make it with honor. He must keep indelibly fixed in his mind that honesty is the best and only policy that will gain the confidence of the community. Sharp practice is a species of man has a life of usefulness before him, no community. Sharp practice is a species of community. Sharp practice is a species of dishonesty which can never bring more than temporary success. There are many who are at all times ready to applaud it as something smart; yet they would refrain from having business relations with him who practice it, for fear that advantage might be taken of them. Morality is the true basis upon which to rest the foundation of a good character.—

It is solid, substantial—imperishable!

The Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle of the 15th inst., notices the receipt of new flour of an extra quality, and remarks that "from all sections of the State come the most cheerall sections of the State come the most cheering accounts of an unprecedently large wheat crop." In several Southern States harvesting has already made good progress, and with bountiful returns.

—Sun strokes are again reported from various parts of the country, and the approach of the heated term should warn people exposed to the rays of the sun to take care of themselves.

A New Letter by Artemus Ward.

In the "Savage Club Papers" is given the fellowing letter, by Artemus Ward, which we believe has never been printed in Americar It is worth printing, on this account .-

I was sitting in the bar, quietly smoking a frugal pipe, when two middle aged and stern looking females, and a young and pretty female, suddenly entered the room. They were accompanied by two umbrellas and a negro gentleman. "Do you feel for the downtrodden?" said one of the females, a thinfaced and sharp voiced person in green specta-cles. "Do I feel for it?" answerd the landhad been there. I have noticed that this kind "Yes, for the oppressed, the benited?" "Innever get there. asmuch as to which?" said the lan'lord.— "You see this man?" said the females, pinting her umbreller at the negro gentleman .-

"Yes, marm, I see him." "Yes!" said the female, rasin her voice to a exceedin high oitch, "you see him, and he's your brother !" "No, I'm darned if he is !" said the lan'lord, hastily retreatin to his beer cask. "And yours!" shouted the excited female, addresin me, "he is also your brother." "No, I think not, marm, I pleasantly replied, "the nearest we come to that color in our family was in the case of my brother John. He had the janders for sev'ral years but they finally left him. 1 am happy to state that, at the present time, he basn't a solitary jander." "Look at this man!" screamed the female. I looked at him. He was an able bodied, well-dressed, comfortable-lookin negro. Ho looked as though he might heave three or four good meals a day into him with a murmur. "Look at that down trodden man!" cried the female. "Who trod on him?" I inquired. "Villins! despots!""Well," said the lan'lord,"why don't you go to the villins about it? Why do you come

here, tellin us nigger is our brother, and brandishin your umbrellers round like a lot of lunytics? You're wuss than the sperit-rapper!' "Have you," said middle-aged female No. 2. who was a quieter sort of person, "Have you no sentiment—no poetry in your soul—no-love for the beautiful? Dost never go into the geren fields to cull the beautiful flowers ?" "I not only never dost," said the lan'lord, in an angry voice, "but I'll bet you five pounds you can't bring a man as dares say I durst." "The little birds," continued the female, "dost not love to gaze onto them?" "I would I were a bird, that I might fly to thou!" I humorously sung, casting a sweet glance at the pretty young woman.

"Don't you look in that way at my dawter," said female No. 1 in a violent voice; "you're old enough to be her father." "Twas an innocent look, dear madam," I softly said. You behold in me an emblem of innecence and purity. In fack, I start for Rome by the first train to morrer, to sit as a model to a celebrated artist who is about to sculp a statue "that you're a scoffer and a wretch! Your mind is in a wusser beclouded state than the poor negroes we are seekin to aid. You are a groper in the dark cellar of sin. O sinful

There is a sparkling fount, Come O come and drink.

No: you will not come and drink." "Yes he will," said the landlord, "if you treat. Jest try him." "As for you," said the enraged female to the lan'lord, "you're a degraded bein, too low and wulgar to talk to." "This is the sparklin fount for me, dear sister !" cried the lan'lord, drawin an drinkin a mug of beer. Having uttered which goak, he gave a low rumblin larf, and relapsed into silence, "My colerd fren'," I said to the negro kindly, "what is it all about?" He said they was tryin to raise money to send missionaries to the Southern States in America to preach to the vast numbers of negroes recently made free there. He said they were without the gospel. They were without tracts.

I said, "my fren, this is a serious matter. I admire you for tryin to help the race to which you belong, and far be it from me to say anything again carrying the gospel among the blacks of the South. Let the gospel go to them by all means. But I happen to individuoally know that there are some thousands of liberated blacks in the South who are starvin. I don't blame any body for this, but it is a very sad fact. Some are really too ill to work, some can't get work to do. and others are too foolish to see any necessity for workin. I was down there last winter and I observed that this class had plenty of preachin for their soulds, but skurce any vittles for their stummux. Now, if it is proposed to send flour and bacon along with the gospel, the idea is really a excellent one. If on the tother hand it is proposed to send preachin alone, all I can say is that it's a hard case for the niggers .-If you expect a colored person to get deeply empty, you exyect too much." I gave the negro as much as I could afford, and the kindhearted lan'lord did the same. "I said, "Farewell, my coloured frien. I wish you well, certainly. You are now as free as the eagle. Be like him and soar. But don't attempt to convert a Ethiopian person while his stummuck yearns for vittles. And you, ladies-I hope you are ready to help the poor and un-fortunate abroad." When they had gone the lan'lord said, "Come into the garden, Ward." And we went and culled some carrots for

A. CHEAP AND DURABLE WASH FOR BARNES .- Mr. S. Wasson, in the Maine Farmer, gives the following as a good substitute

for paint for out buildings : The ingredients are unslacked lime, white vitriol and salt-the proportions one bushel of lime (slack with hot water,) two and a half pounds of white vitriol, and four pounds of salt-to give a drab color add half a pound of French blue and two pounds of Indian red -whole cost \$1.10 for wash enough to give seven thousand square feet two coats of paint that will wear like iron.

-A cow worth having is possessed by a farmer of Westfield, Massachusetts. She is said to be of the Ayrshire and Durham breeds.

TRUE.—A contemporary renarks: "Wagons cannot run without wheels—boats without wacannot run without wheels—boats without water—bull frogs jump without legs, or newspapers be carried on everlastingly without money, no more than a dog can wag his tail when he has none. Our subscribers are all good, but what good does a man's goodness do when it don't do any good? We have no doubt every one thinks all have paid except himself, and as printers are good fellows, and his a little matter, it will-make no difference."

是"在大百代别还是人的"

GRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes and radiant hair.
Whose curling tendrils soft entwined,
Exchained the very heart and mind.

CRISPER COMA. For Curling the Huir of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Missive Curls.

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen.canbeautify themselves a thousend fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Comanct only curls the uair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and postpaid for \$1.

Address all orders to

W. L. CLARK & CO, Chemists,
No. 3 West Favette street, Syracuse, N. Y.

No. 3 West Favette street, Syracuse, N. Y. March 26, 1867-1y.

DEPARATOR CAPPILLI. Throw away your false frizzes, your switches, your Destructive of comfort, and not worth a fig; [wig: Come aged, come youthful, come ugly and fair, And rejoice in your own luxuriant hair.

REPARATOR CAPILLI.

For restoring hair upon bald heads (from whatever cause it may have fallen out) and foreing a growth of hair upon the face, it has no equal. It will force the beard to grow upon the smoothest face in from five to eight weeks, or hair upon bald heads in from two to three months. A few ignorant precitioners have asserted that there is nothing that will force or hasten the growth of the hair or beard. Their assertions are false, as thousands of living witnesses (from their own experience) can bear witness. But many will say, how are we to distinguish the genuine from the apurious? It certainly is difficult, as nine-tenths of the different preparations advertised for the hair and beard are entirely worthless, and you may have already thrown away large amounts in their purchase. To such we would say, try the Reparator Capilli; it will cost you nothing unless it fully comes up to our representations. If your Druggist does not keep it, send us one dollar and we will forward it, postpaid, together with a receipt for the money, which will be returned you on application, providing entire satisfaction is not given. Address,

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemista,
No. 3 West Fayette st, Syracuse, N. Y: REPARATOR CAPILLI. No. 3 West Fayette st , Syracuse, N. Y:

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all, To young and to old, to great and to small; The beauty which once was so precious and rare, Is free for all, and all may be fair.

BY THE USE OF CHASTELLAR'S

WHITE LIQUID ENAMEL, For Improving and Beautifying the Complexion THE most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint, that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moth Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use cannot be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable prepara-tion is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet.— Upwards of 30,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt

of an order, by
BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists, 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

March 26, 1867.-1y. ASTROLOGY THE WORLD ASTONISHED AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS MADE BY

CHE reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from dolefu events, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of rela tions and friends, loss of money, &c., have become tions and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, testores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the melific stars and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the melific stars that overcome and predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and fixed stars at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee with likeness and all desired information, \$1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquisies answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them,—Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, euclosing a small lock of hair.

Address,

MADAME H. A. PERRIGO,

P. O. DRAWER 993. RUEFALO. N. V.

AFFLICTED! SUFFER NO MORE!

P. O. DRAWER 293, BUFFALO, N. Y.

THEN by the use of Dr. JOINVILLE'S ELIX. 1R you can be cured permanently, and at a

The astonishing success which has attended this regulable medicine for Physical and Nervous Weakness, General Debility and Prostration, Loss of Muscular Energy, Impotency, or any of the consequences of youthful indiscretion, renders it the most valuable preparation ever discovered.

It will remove all nervous affections, depression, excitement, incapacity to study or business, loss of memory, confusion, thoughts of self-destruction, fears of insanity, &c. It will restore the appetite, renew the health of those who have destroyed it by sensual excess or evil practice. Young Men, be humbugged no more by "Quack Doctors" and ignorant practitioners, but send without delay for the Elixer, and be at once restored to health and happiness A Perfect Cure is Guaranteed in every instance. Price \$1, or four bottles to

one address. \$3. One bottle is sufficient to effect a cure in all ordi-ALSO, DR. JOINVILLES SPECIFIC PILLS, for the speedy and permanent cure of Gonorrhea, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, Gravel, Stricture, and all af-fections of the Kidneys and Bladder. Cures effected in from one to five days. They are prepared from vegetable extracts that are harmless on the system, and never nauseate the stomach or impregnate the breath. No change of diet is necessary while using them, nor does their action in any manner interfere with business pursuits. Price \$1 per box. Address all orders to

BERGER. SHUTTS & Co., Chemists, No. 285 River St., Troy, N. Y. March 26, 1867. 1y.

EXCELSIOR! EXCELSIOR!

CHASTELLAR'S HAIR EXTERMINATOR!!

For Removing Superfluous Hair. ous hair from low foreheads, or from any part of the hody, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same, leaving the skin soft, smooth and natural. This is the only article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depilatory in existence. Price 75 cents per package, sent post-paid, to any address, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists,

WHISKERS AND MUSTACHES! ORCED to grow upon the smoothest face in from three to five weeks by using Dr. SEVIGNE'S RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE, the most wen-Beard and Hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the clite of Paris and London with the most flattering success. Names of all purchasers will be registered, and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, \$1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists, No. 285 River Sreet, Troy, N. Y. Sole Agents for the United States.

March 26, 1867.-1y.

285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

BEAUTY:

Anburn, Golden, Flaxen & Silken Curls
PRODUCED by the use of Prof. DE BREUX' FRISER LE CHEVEUX. One application warran-SER LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and slubborn hair of either sex into wavy ringlets, or heavy massive curls. Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, \$1. Descriptive Circulars malled free.—
Address BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists, No. 285 River St. Tray N. Y. Sole Avents for the Union 85 River St., Troy, N. Y., Sole Agents for the United States. March 26, 1867.-17.

INCHES OF THE

MARBLE WORKS

CHARLESTOWN MARBLE WORKS, Main Street, Opposite the Carter House, CHARLESTOWN.



Dichi & Bro

MANUFACTURERS OF MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEAD & FOOT STONES, MANTLES, STATUES, AND CARVING,

in all its various branches, and all work in their business. All orders promptly filled at the lowest rate, and shortest notice, and all work delivered and put up, and guaranteed to suit purchasers.—

If not, no sale. Please call and see, and judge for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, and patronize Home Manufacturers.

The subscribers have also in operation their shop in Martinsburg, where they will give prompt attention to all work entrusted to them.

DIEHL & BRO.

Charlestown, Feb. 19, 1867—od May 15, 1866.

VIVAS ET VIVAT.

EI & EORY.

NO. 29, HANOVER STREET, BALTO. MANUFACTURERS AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE Druggists' and Confectioners' GLASSWARE, DEMIJOHNS, Wine, Porter & Mineral BOTTLES FRENCH WINDOW GLASS. Crystal, Plate, Enameled, Obscure, Colored and Rough Plate.

Glaziers' DIAMONDS, PAINTS, OILS, &c. January 22, 1867.



WE offer to the citizens of Rockingham, Shen-andoah, to Frederick, Clarke, Jefferson and Berkeley counties, the cheapest and best WASH-ING MACHINE ever made, warranted not to wear or tear the Clothes, washes perfectly clean, makes no slop, and requires no boiling.
Sold subject to trial. If it does not give satis-

February 5, 1867. [Clarke Journal, Rockingham Register, Martinsgurg New Era, Winchester Times, New Market Valley, and Shepherdstown Register copy tf. and send bill to this office.]

TRUSSELL & CO.'S ADVER'MENTS.

A NEW STAND! Rare Goods and Great Bargains

TRUSSELL & CO., HAVING removed to the spacious store room re-cently occupied by Ranson & Duke, imme-diately opposite Campbell & Mason's Drug Store, take pleasure in notifying their customers and the public generally, that they are now opening an en-

NEW STOCK OF GOODS, which for variety. cheapness and durability, is adequate to all the wants of the community. They respectfully solicit a call, as their stock will be found to embrace a large variety of

MEN'S AND BOY'S SHOES, of the latest styles and most durable Baltimore man-ufacture—as also English Gaiters, a new and hand-some article for summer. For the Ladies, we have a rare and choice selection, consisting in part of Congress and Side-Lace Dasting Gaiters, Morocco, Kid and Calf Shoes and Slippers, all styles and all prices, with a nice line of Misses' Boots and Misses' and Children's Work, with or without Leels, either

OF HATS, we have a very large assortment, embracing all kinds and qualities, of the very latest styles in the market and offered at very low prices. In the way of DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

a small but very choice selection, consisting in part of Prints, Hoop Skirts, Shaker Bonnets. &c., with Gents' Linen and Paper Collars, Neck Ties, Socks &c. To our apartment of QUEENS AND GLASSWARE,

we invite special attention, as we have a very large and choice selection, and offered at lower figures than can be obtained in the county. LAMPS, a large variety, and of the latest and most beautiful styles, with Oils, adapted to their use. In the line of FRESH AND CHEAP GROCERIES, we have a stock so ample, that we must needs inwe have a stock so ample, that we must needs invoke a personal examination as to quality and price as we are sure that our stock of Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Chocolate, Syrups, Molasses, Spices, Peppers, Rice, Maccarcni, Cheese, Crackers, Fish, Vinegar, &c., will compare with that of any other house.—
A large assortment of Canned Fruit, Sardines, Oysters, Pickles, &c. In short, we assure our customers, Pickles, &c. tomers and friends that from our new facilities and increased stock, we can supply them with almost every article needed, of as good quality and at as low if not lower prices, than can be obtained elsewhere in the county
With our grateful thanks for the liberal patronage feretofore extended, we solicit a continuance of new favors at our new store.

OF COUNTRY PRODUCE, of every description taken in exchange for GOODS at the market price.

BACON, FLOUR and GORN MEAL at all times of

April 23, 1867.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

Have just received my second instalment of Spring Goods, consisting of Calicos, Mouslins, BROWN AND BLEACHED COTTONS, WHITE AND COLORED FLANNELS,

the best Domestic Ginghams, Plaid Cottons and Check. Also, a large variety of FANCY GOODS, HOSIERY and NOTIONS. The above Goods will be best to be sold at the lowest Baltimore prices. The stock of MILLINERY GOODS, is now complete. I have a full lire of Bonnets, Ladies' and Misses' Hats, Ribbons, Flowers, Bonnet Frames, and all ether articles belonging to this Trade. The stock of READY MADE CLOTHING,

and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, is well selected, and will be sold very cheap.

M. BEHREND, M. BEHREND,
Opposite Campbell & Mason's Brug Store.
April 30, 1887,
PhAIN and Figured Swiss, Plain and Plaid Cambrics, Nainsook and other white goods, at
April 30.
M BEHREND'S.

SILK and Cotton Netts, from 10ts up, at M. BEHREND'S.

HALLTOWN TRADE

DISSOLUTION NOTICE. THE partnership heretofore existing in the mer-cantile business between the undersigned is his day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by ED K. GRADY, for

whom we ask a liberal patronage.

Persons owing accounts or notes are requested to call at once, and pay off thesame to either of the undersigned, as the money is hadly wanted.

JOHN H. STRIDER,
EDW. K. GRADY. E. R. GRADY.].....[F. T. GRADY. GRADY & CO., COMMISSION AND FORWARDING.

MERCHANTS.

HALLTOWN, W. VA. HALLTOWN, W. VA.

KEP for sale all kinds of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, LIQUORS, HARDWARE QUEENSWARE, etc. Will buy a. sinds of GRAIN, or
forward the same Woot, BUTTER, Eegs and
Hidden, received in trade.

35 Having purchased the interest of Mr. John
H. Strider, in the Mercantile establishment at Hall
town, I solicit the patronege of my friends and the
public gengrally.

FDWARD GRADY.

The style of the firm will hereafter be GRADY
& Co.

[Sept, 25, 1866.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS. THE undersigned have just received at their Store in Halltown, a fresh supply of GOODS

suitable for the seasons, embracing every article to be found in a country Store. Such as LADIES DRESS GOODS, GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, &c.,

GROCERIES. Brown and White Sugar, Molasses and Syrup, Fish, Salt, Spices, &c. Also, a general assortment They invite a call from those in want of Goods, feeling assured that they can sell as cheap as any other establishment in the County.

GRADY & CO. · Halltown, April 30, 1867.

REMOVAL. I WOULD most respectfully announce to the citizens of Charlestown, and surrounding country, that I have taken the room formerly occupied by the late Mr. Charles G. Stewart and latterly by Trussell & Co., where I will carry on the JEWEL.
RY BUSINESS, as heretofore I am prepared to
do all kinds of WATCH REPAIRING, as well as
CLOCKS and JEWELRY, and all who may desire to have anthing done in my line, will find it to their advantage to patronize me at my new place of business. Thankful for the liberal patronage bestowed upon me hitherto, I solicit a continuance of the same favor.

L. DINKLE.

JEWELRY.

April 9, 1867. REPAIRING of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry of all kinds, done at old prices at the Jewelry Store of L. DINKLE. FIGRAVING neatly done by L. DINKLE, at his Jewelry Store opposite the Bank. otc. 30. SHAWL PINS and Steel Pens for sale low by Mar. 19. L DINKLE.

U. M. S.

SAMUEL H. WOODDY.

On Main Street, near the Carter House, HAS on hand a stock to which the people of this community are invited, and he feel, satisfied purchase. He does not profess to be able to sell or manufacture at lower prices than any one else in the community; but this he does pledge, that he will give satisfaction to all who favor him with their patronage. If experience and strict attention to business are calculated to commend, he feels assured that he has these two requisites for success in business. Intending to work none but the most PERFECT MATERIAL,

AND TO EMPLOY NONE BUT COMPETENT WORKMEN. BOOTS, SHOES & GAITERS, unsurpassed for quality of material, or durability and elegance of work-manship. His Ready-Made Work, which will be sold at the most reasonable figures, has been selected with the greatest care, and to the Ladies who have so liberally patronized him in the past he is able to give a greatest that noth the past, he is able to give a guarantee that nothing will be sold from his shop, that is not strictly what he recommends it to be. He has no desire to deceive, but wishes to make a living by a straightforward, honest manner of dealing.

He will keep constantly on hand a Large and General Stock of the very best quality of

SOLE AND UPPER LEATHER, FRENCH AND AMERICAN CALF SKINS, KIP SKINS, MOROCCO SKINS, LININGS AND ALL SHOE FINDINGS, which he will sell at the lowest prices for Cash.

HIS STOCK OF BEAUTIFUL HATS should attract the attention of gentlemen in need of this important article of dress, and if they will give him a call, he knows they will be pleased.

(G)—Call and see him at the shop two doors East of the Carter House, where you will always find him ready to attend to your wants.

(G)—Highest price paid for HIDES in Trade, or the Cash if necessary.

April 23, 1867—tf. SAM'L H. WOODDY.

SCHOFULA.

Important to Persons Afflicted with Scrofulous Diseases. A Positive Cure After Seven Teams Suffering, 37 RUNNING ULCERS AT ONE TIME.

Breast, Throat and Face One Continuous W. HORNOR, E-q., a prominent Lawyer in West Virginia, writes to Dr. ANDERS as fol-

"PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Dec. 15th, 1866.
"Dr. H. Anders-Dear Sir: "In reply to your inquiry in regard to my health, I am haypy to say that I am now a well man, am attending to business, have a good appetite, and feel that I am entirely cured, and am free to say shat I owe my present health to your lodine Water. "I suffered nearly seven years with Scrofula be-fore I was cured. I had 37 Running Ulcers on me at one time; my entire breast, throat, all under my arms, all over my jaws up to my ears, on both sides, was one almo t conticuous sore. I was confined to my room over 18 months, and was decideds different times the friends were called in to see me die. I accidentally saw a notice of 'Dr. Anders' lodine Water.' I sent for some, found it good, and continued to take it until I was restored to my usual health, for which I feel to thank God and take courage. I am satisfied your lodine Water saved my life, and I believe it to be the great desid eratum in medicine. I have resumed the practice of law in several counties in this section, and if you will send me some of your circulars I shall take pleasure in distributing them and calling the attention of physicians to your medicine wherever I go. Anything I can do for you will be cheerfully done. You are at perfect liberty to use my name in any way that will be useful to the afflicted.

"Your's truly, "J. W. HORNOR." DR. H. ANDERS' IODINE WATER, is a new discovery in medicine, being Pure Iodine in Pure Water, 11 grains to the ounce, uncombined with any other substance. A most powerful vitalizing agent and restorative. Circulars free. For sale by J. P. DINSMORE, 36 Dey st., N. Y., and by May 7; 1867.

BALTIMORE PRICE STORE! OPPOSITE BANK BUILDING, CHARLESTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA

MAN actually has a choice variety of goods, which he is selling at the lowest Baltimore prices, it bardly pays him to publish the fact. Therefore, I have

it best to simply invite every body to call and examine my stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, and to say but little in regard to my ability and determination to make it advantageous to DEAD

to their own interests, to buy their Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps and Ready. Made Clothing INCHARLESTOWN, at the BALTIMORE PRICE STORE, opposite the Bank Building.

I would respectfully request my friends to give me a call.

Baltimore Price Store, opposite Bank Building.
November 27, 1866.

LOOR Oil Cloth and Matting, just received by June 4:

D. HOWELL:

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

M.S. BROWN, (SUCCESSOR TO J. H. HAINES,) MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

MANUFACTURES and will keep constantly on hand the following brands of Cigars, made of the finest foreign and doinestic tobacc, and war-HAVANA REGALIA, LA PICCOLOMINI, LAREAL, JEFFERSON, CABINET, EL NACIONAL,

PLANTATION, LA CORONA, BANANA, NAPOLEON, GRAPE, &c. Will always keep on hand the finest brands o Chewing Tobacco in market, and rames in part the following.

PRIDEOFTHY SOUTH, GRAVELY. GOLDEN TWIST, SOLFORINA, PEOPLE'S CHOICE, GOLDEN LEAF, GENT'S CO. PANICN. NAVY, &C., &C.

Among his trands of Smoking Tobacco may be ZEPHYR PUFF, CORA LEE, GOLDEN LEAF,

and other fire brands of pure Lynchburg Tobacco. STOTCH, RAPPEE AND OTHER SNUFFS. Will always have on hand an extensive assort-ment of Plain and Foncy PIPES, from a Mesa CHAUM to POWHATAN. Persons dealing in my line will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock before June 11, 1867. M. S. BROWN.

CONFECTIONERY AND BAKERY.

ICE CBEAM! ICE CREAM!

THE undersigned informs the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that he has just titted up his commodious ICE CREAM SALOON. in a style that will guarantee comfort and con-venience to his guests, and has completed arrange-ments to have a full supply of

Ice Cream on hand daily, after this week, or will open during the present week should the weather be favorable. The Ladies' Department will demand his special attention, and he invites them to give him a call.

10 Weddings, Parties and Families supplied at the shortest notice, and upon reasonable terms.

April 30, 1867.

GUSTAV BROWN.

ICE CREAM! ICE CREAM! HENRY DUMM,

A NNOUNCES to his old customers and the pub-lic generally, that he will hereafter have on hand daily, at his Confectionery, on Main street, Ice Cream in any quantity, and also that he will furnish Families, Parties, &c., at the shortest notice, and at as reasonaule rates as it can be furnished elsewhere.

May 7, 1867.

ORANGES AND LEMONS. UST received, at the Valley Confectionery, a supply of fresh, sweet and delicious Havana Oranges. Also, fresh Lemons.

HENRY DUMM. D. HOWELL'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS.

1) HOWELL would respectfully inform his cusse. He does not profess to be able to sell or acture at lower prices than any one else in part of Ladies' Dress Goods, VALENCIAS POPLINS, DELAINES, &c.

Cassimeres for Men and Boys, Cottonades, Linen Check, Farmers' Drill Checks, Plaid Cottons, Calicos, Ginghams, Bleached and Brown Cottons, &c.
These goods have been bought at a heavy decline
on former prices, and will be sold accordingly low.
Call and examine his stock before purchasing.
April 23, 1867. L ADIES' Handkerchiefs, Plain, Hemstitched and Worked; Ladies' Cuffs and Collars, Dress Buttons, Gents' Handkerchiefs, Plain and Bordered;

Gents' Collars, Paper and Linen; Neck Ties, Gloves, Hosiery, Knitting Cotton, &c., just re-ceived and for sale by D. HOWELL. April 23, 1867. FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC



HARDWARE. CHARLESTOWN, VA.

BELIEVING that we have one of the largest and best selected assortments of this class of Goods ever in this Valley—and that we possess advantages which enable us to sell as low as the Wholesale Houses of Baltimore, we therefore respectfully solicit your orders, and hope, by diligent attention to the requirements of the Trade, to merit a continuance of your patronage. Our stock consists of

IMPORTED & AMERICAN CHITLERY, Door Plate, Screw Chest, Trunk and Pad Locks.—
Strap, Hook, Butt, Shutter and T Hinges Screws;
Screw Spring and Chain Bolts. Files, Rasps, Braces
and Bitts, Augurs, Chisels. Levels, Planes, Bevels,
Rules, Cross Cut, Hand, Wood, Compass and Whip
Saws, Hatchets, Hammers, Adzes, Axes, Compasses, and Boring Machine Anvils, Sleedges, Bellows, Surger, Places, Vises, Tire Randers, Screw passes, and Boring Machine Anvils, Sledges, Bellows, Screw Plates, Vises, Tire Benders, Screw Wrenches, Drawing Knives, Jack Screws, Forks, Shovels, Chains, Hames, Rakeš, Briar and Grain Scythes, Mill Scoops, Mattocks, Picks, Hoes, Bridle Bits, Buckles, Rings, Pad Trees, Turrets, Post Hooks, Ornaments, Spurs, Curbs, Coffin Trimmings and Cabinet Hardware; Trowels, Punleys, Tape Lines, Punches, Lasts and Shoe Findings; Nails, Spikes, Horse and Mule Shoes and Nails; also Iron of all kinds; Brooms, Brushes and Cordage.

Thankful for past favors, we respectfully solicit orders for the above named goods.

DAVID HUMPHREYS & CO.

April 3, 1866.

April 3, 1866. SETTLE UP! SETTLE UP!

Our customers well know that it is the begin-ning of the New Year; and with it we are de-termined to close up our Books, and feel compelled to insist upon immediate settlement. We take this method to inform those who know themselves in-debted by open account, to come forward and set-tle up. By so doing time and expense will be saved.

We shall begin the New Year with new enter-prise, and give our undivided attention to the bu-siness of Manufacturing and Repairing FARMING IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY.

We employ none but the best Mechanics and use the best Material. The community can rely upon quick, neat and substantial work, and at prices to suit the times. We are determined to do work as low as can be done in the County for CASH, which will be required for all transient custom.

We will make to order Theshing Machines and Horse Powers of the latest patterns; PLOUGHS of different kinds always on hand, amongst which will be found the celebrat dithree-horse Livingston; two-horse do; the old fashioned three-horse Barshear; McCormick do., for two and three Lorses; also, the three-horse Page Plough; also an improyed Kentucky single and double shovel Plough. Plough Irons—such as Shares, Coulters, Shovels, (single and double) Mould-boards of all kinds, Open Rings. Open Links, &c. Special attention paid to Mill work in Steel and Iron. Turning and Boring in Iron and Steel. We now have in operation our

FOUNDRY, A and we are now able to furnish Castings of good quality as low as can be bought elsewhere.

All work entrusted to us will be done with dispatch, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. The

highest price paid in Cash for Old Iron of all kinds.
Give us a call at the Jefferson Marhine Shop. Stone
Row.

Charlestown, Jan. 29, 1877. Shannondale Factory.

THE undesigned are conducting this well appointed WOOLEN FACTORY, 6 miles from Charlestown and I mile irom Kabletown, and are constantly manufacturing Goods of superior quality.

We exchange our manufactures according to the following schedule:

64 Drab Linser, 1 yard for 4 and 4½ lbs. Wool, 64 Grey Linsey, 1 do. do. 4½ do. 5 do. do. 3.4 Cassimere, 1 do. do. 3½ do. 4 do. do. 44 Pluid Linsey, 1 do do 2½ do. 3 do do. 44 Pluid Linsey, 1 do. do. 2½ do. 3 do. do. 44 Flannels, 1 do. do. 2½ do. 3 do. do. Yarns, 1 lb. do 2½ do. 4 do. do. Highest Cash Price paid f r Wool,

JAMES M. JOHNSON & CO.

November 7, 1865.

TO TRAVELLERS.

BALTIMORE & O. R. R. COMPANY. OHEDULE of Passenger Trains arriving and parting at the Harper's Ferry Station:
TRATES BOUND EAST.

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

(Next door to Aisquith & Bro.,)

Mail Train,
Fast Line,
Fast TRAINS BOUND WEST.

Mail Frain, 8 36 P. M. 1 31 A. M. 8 37 P. M 1 32 A. A Office open at all hours for trains. Through Tick-cts sold to all the principal cities of the Union. For further Information inquire at the Office. A.B. WOOD, AGENT. Harpers Ferry, May. 14, 1867.

WINCHESTER AND POTOMAC R. R.

TIME TABLE. TRAINS GOING WEST. Taans Going West.

Leave Harper's Ferry at 6 20 A M and 1 15 P M.

Leave Shenandoah at 6 21 A M and 1 19 P M.

Leave Keyes' Switch at 6 38 A M and 1 27 P M.

Leave Halltown at 6 48 A M and 1 23 P M.

Leave Charlestown at 7 07 A M and 1 45 P M.

Leave Cameron's at 7 26 A M and 1 57 P M.

Leave Summit Point at 7 45 A M and 2 28 P M.

Leave Opequon Bridge at 8 12 A M and 2 28 P M.

Leave Opequon Bridge at 8 12 A M and 2 38 P M.

Arrive at Winchester at 8 55 A M and 2 38 P M.

Arrive at Winchester at 8 55 A M and 2 50 P M.

TRAINS GOING EAST. Leave Winchester at 9 40 A M and 3 10 P M.
Leave Stephenson's at 9 52 A M and 3 26 P M.
Leave Opequon Bridge at 9 54 A M and 3 31 P M.
Leave Wadesville at 1004 A M and 3 51 P M.
Leave Wadesville at 1004 A M and 3 51 P M.
Leave Cameron at 10 34 A M and 4 31 P M.
Leave Charlestown at 10 36 A M and 4 31 P M.
Leave Charlestown at 10 46 A M and 4 49 P. M.
Leave Halltown at 10 57 A M and 5 07 P M.
Leave Keyes' Switch at 11 03 A M and 5 50 P M.
Arrive at Harper's Ferry 11 15 A M and 5 35 P M.
J. H. SHERRARD, PRESIDENT.
May 11. 1867.

May 11. 1867. BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD RE-OPENED.

HIS GREAT NATIONAL THOROUGAFARE.

The Cars and Machinery destroyed are being replaced by NEW RUNNING STOCK, with all recent improvements; and as the Bridges and Tracks are again in Substantial Condition, the well earned reputation of this Road for SPEFD, SECURITY AND COMFORT, will be more than sustained under the re-organization of its business.

In addition to the ungoynalled attractions of the support of the program of the support of the s In addition to the unequalled attractions of natural scenery heretofore conceded to this route, the recent Troubles upon the Border, have associated numerous points on the Road, between the Ohio River and Harpers Ferry, with painful but instructive interest.

CONNECTIONS. CONNECTIONS.

At the Ohio River, with Cleveland and Pittsburg Central Ohio, and Marietta and Cincinnati Railroads; and through them with the whole Railway System of the Northwest, Central West and Southwest. At Harpers Ferry with the Winchester Road. At Washington Junction, with/the Washington Branch for Washington City and the Lower Potomac. At Baltimore with seven daily trains for Philadelphia and New York.

TWO DOLLARS additional on Through Tickets to Baltimore or the Northern Cities, give the privilege of visiting WASHINOTON CITY en voute.

This is the ONLY ROUTE by which passengers can procure through Tickets and through Checks to WASHINGTON CITY.

L. M. COLE, JOHN L. WILSON,

L. M. COLE,

General Ticket Agent Master of Transporta-SADDLES AND HARNESS.

SADDLES,

AND BRIDLES, MANUFACTURED OR REPAIRED. At Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia.

THE undersigned respectfully announces to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that he is constantly making and repairing Carriage, Gig, Buggy, Coach and Wagon HARNESS, SADDLES, BRIDLES, HALTERS, &c., in the most durable manner, and the most modern style of work manship, and at short notice and upon "living" terms. My work commends itself. All I ask is a share of the public patronage.

1 call upon me at my establishment opposite the "Carter House."

HENRY D. MIDDLEKAUFF

HENRY D. MIDDLEKAUFF.

STOVES AND TINWARE STOVES! STOVES!!

TINWARE, STOVES, AND SHEET-RON ESTABLISHMENT, ON MAIN STREET, CHARLESTOWN. THE undersigned have on hand and are constantly manufacturing at their Tinware, Stove, and et Iron Establishment, in Charlestown every description of

usually found in their line of business, made of the best material and by experienced workmen. The stock now in their Ware Room, comprises every useful article known to the housekeeper, and any article called for or any amount of Goods desired article called for or any amount of Goods desired can be furnished with dispatch.

Among their stock of Tin Ware may be found BUCKETS of all sizes, COFFEE POTS of the most approved patterns. Cullenders, Spits, Steamers, Cake Screws, Cake Cutters, Flour Boxes, Patty Pans of various patterns, Basins, Chambet Ware, Pitchers, Measures of all sizes, and Painted Toilet Ware.

CULINARY WARE.

SHEET-IRON WARE, comprises every article in the Culinary and House-ceping department. Their stock of

emiraces every variety of WOOD and COAL STOVES, an ong which may be found the following approved patterns—

Virginia Star, 2 sizes for Coal, Old Dominion, 4 sizes, for Wood: Noble Cook, 3 sizes, for Coal or Wood; Extension top Mt. Vernon; Winona, 2 sizes, for Wood, Nine Plate Stoves for wood—plain and boiler top; Defiance King, 4 sizes; Scotchman Cook, 2 sizes, Cottager, 3 sizes, Coal; Vesper Star, 3 sizes, Coal; Grecian Capital. 3 sizes, Coal; Radiator, 4 sizes, Coal; Magic Temple, 3 sizes, for Wood; Laura, 4 sizes, Wood. Also, Parlor, Star Cottager and Franklin, all sizes.

Possessing every facility known to the business they are prepared to execute with the utmost promp ness, all kinds of Stoves

BUILDING AND JOB WORK, BUILDING AND JOB WORK,

Tin Roofing, Zinking and Spouting done to order and in the best manner.

Merchants desirous of replenishing their stock of Tin or Sheet Iron Ware, will find it to their advantage to deal with them. They will make a liberal discount to merchants when articles are bought by the quantity. They will also take in exchange for Tin Ware. Rags, Beeswax, Wool, Sheepskins, Beef Hi'cs, Old Copper, Old Brass and Pewter.

Thankful for past favors and with a determination to merit the increasing patronage of the community we respectfully solicit a call from all who desire purchasing any article in our line of business.

Terms are such as cannot fail to please.

Oct 2, 1806.

MILLER & SMITH.

ENTLER HOTEL,

SHEPHERDSTOWN, WEST VIRG'IA. July 17, 1866-if. NEW ARRIVAL

AT THE LADIES' STORE. WE tender our thanks for the very liberal pa-W. tronage given us. We offer to our cust MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS o be found in our market, comprising all the lates arisian Novelties for the Spring and Summer

FRENCH PATTERN HATS, just received. DRESS TRIMMINGS in countless variety. BUTTONS of all descriptions, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c., &c.

33-All weask is a call. Orders will be attended to with great care and dispatch.

33-Parties can rely on the Latest Styles and attached Lowest Prices.

April 23, 1867. A. C. MITCHELL & CO.

MASONIC TEXT BOOK. W E have just received the 3d Edition of the Virginia Text Book, and are prepared to furnish Lodges and individuals with any number of copies they may want.

May 8, 1867.

HIDES WANTED.—We will pay the highest market price for all kinds of Hides.

Nov. 27, 1866. TRESSELL 4 CO.

5 DOZEN Waldron's English Grain Scythes, 54 pure Cider Vinegar, for sale by inch, a superior article, for sale by May 28, 1857. RANSON & DUKE. Peb. 26. REARSLEY & SHEEZER.